The Columbian.

VOL 44. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 10, 1910. NO 6

WHEN YOU WANT TO

Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed

Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE

The Farmers National Bank

OF BLOOMSBURG

Capital, $60.000 **Surplus $100,000**

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

J. L. Moyer N. U. Funk C. M. Creveling C. A. Kleim
W. L. White C. W. Runyon Dr. J. J. Brown M. Milleisen

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

THE TOWN ELECTION.

No Contests Except for President of Council, School Directors and Poor Directors, Judges of Election and Registry Assessors.

CANDIDATES GETTING BUSY.

Next Tuesday is election day. In Bloomsburg the contests will be over the offices of President of Council, School Directors, and Poor Directors.

For President there are two candidates in the field, Joseph L. Townsend, nominated by the Republican caucus, and James Magee 2nd, independent. Dr. Altmiller who was named by the Democratic caucus, declined the nomination.

As there is no democratic candidate in the field for that office, a vote in the party square in the left hand column of the ballot will vote for all the Democratic candidates for the other offices, *but will not be a vote for President.*

Democrats can therefore vote their straight ticket by marking in the party square, and then make a cross after the candidate for President for whom they wish to vote.

As to those who do not vote a straight party ticket the instructions on the ballot are as follows:

They must insert the figures indicating the number of votes they wish to give each candidate for whom they are entitled to vote more than one vote, in the square at the right of the candidates names. A cross should be marked in the square where the voter is entitled to cast but one vote for a candidate.

For Members of Council the voter may cast 1 vote for each of six; two votes for each of three, or 3 votes each for two.

For School Director for three years the voter may cast 2 votes for one, or 1 vote for each of two. For the two year term he has but 1 vote.

For Director of Bloom Poor District each voter may distribute his votes as he shall think fit, by bestowing 3 on one candidate, or 1 vote to one candidate, and 2 votes to another, or 1½ to each of two, or 1 vote to each of three.

In the three instances above, the figures must be marked in the square opposite the candidates names, in others than a straight ticket.

For Members of Council there are but six nominees, and all will be elected.

For Justice of the Peace, Guy Jacoby, Esq., was nominated by both parties, and has no opposition.

For School Directors there are three nominees for 3 years, two to be elected, and two nominees for 2 years, one to be elected.

In Bloom Poor District there are five nominees, three to be elected.

The following are the names of all candidates whose names will appear on the ballots:

PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.

Joseph L. Townsend Rep.
James Magee 2nd Ind.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

C. A. Pursel, C. W. Runyon, Thomas Gunter, Republican, H. C. Pollock, H. C. Rulon, I. L. Rabb, Democratic.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Eugene F. Carpenter 3 yrs. Rep.
Harry S. Barton, 2 years Rep.
Geo. E. Elwell, 3 years Dem.
Charles W. Jones, 2 years Dem.
Fred B. Hartman, 3 years Pro.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Guy Jacoby, nominated by both parties.

[Continued on page 5]

A DELIGHTFUL CONCERT.

The concert given last Monday evening in the Normal Auditorium was a decided success, and the large audience was greatly pleased. The vocal and instrumental portions of the programme were equally enjoyable, and showed careful training.

The orchestra, made up of music students of the school, made its first appearance in public, and was a credit to Mrs. John K. Miller, whose untiring efforts have brought it to its present state. Both in its own numbers, and in its accompaniment of the choral society, its execution was of a high order.

The choral society, under the training of Charles O. Skeer, has developed a pleasing ability, and rendered the cantata, "The Gypsies" with extremely good expression, drawing forth much commendation.

The programme rendered was as follows:

Part I.

Schlummerlied Ersfreld.
Ensemble Class.
Elsa's Dream-from Lohengrin Wagner-
Miss Blanche Letson.
Meditation. Bach-Gounod
Ensemble Class.

Part II.

"The Gypsies," Becker.
Mr. Charles O. Skeer. Conductor.
Soprano Miss K. Maud Smith.
Alto Miss Blanche Brown.
Tenor Mr. R, Frank Colley.
Baritone Rev. Spencer C. Dickson.
No. 1. Chorus. "Gypsy Life."
No. 2. Chorus. "Magic Cauldron."
No. 3. Baritone Solo. "In Forest Night now all is Rest."
No. 4. Chorus. "Halt for the Night."
No. 5. Soprano Solo. "Lullaby."
No. 6. Chorus. Dirge.
No. 7. Chorus. Round.

NEWS OF WEDDING JUST OUT.

A surprise was sprung on Monday when the announcement was made of the marriage of Miss Fannie Comstock to Ralph E Smith, both of Bloomsburg, which took place in Binghamton, New York, last Thanksgiving Day.

It had been intended to keep the marriage a secret until spring, when the school year at the Espy Intermediate School, where the bride is teaching, would have been ended. The illness of Mr. Smith, who is principal of the schools at Camptown, interfered with this plan, however. When he sent for his wife, the news became known.

The bride and groom are both well known in town, and are popular among the young people They are graduates of the Bloomsburg State Normal School. Mr. Smith is a graduate of Dickinson College, and was also a student in the Dickinson Law School.

TAX COLLECTOR APPOINTED.

Frank D. Dentler was appointed on Monday by the Court as tax collector to serve during the balance of the unexpired term of L. M. Sleppy, who is in a hospital on Long Island. The Court was not unanimous in the appointment, the Associates voting for Mr. Dentler, while Judge Evans desired the appointment of Charles E. Kesty, in accordance with the wishes of Mr. Sleppy's bondsmen. Mr. Dentler is well qualified for the position, and is a long-time resident and tax-payer.

Mr. Kesty has audited the accounts of Mr. Sleppy, and has found them entirely correct.

CRAFTSMAN CARD PARTY.

The Craftsman Club will entertain its members and their wives and friends at a Five Hundred party at their club rooms in the Cathedral to-morrow evening at half past eight.

—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business, January 31st, 1910.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
U. S. Bonds - -	$100,000.00	Capital Stock, -	$100,000.00
Loans and Investments - -	615,471.18	Surplus and Profits	64,028.20
Furniture and Fixtures - -	8,000.00	Circulation - -	100,000.00
Cash and Reserve	132,780.95	Bank Deposits, -	38,062.51
		Individual Deposits	554,161.42
	$856,252.13		$856,252.13

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

REV. W. H. BUTTS.

Drops Dead in Hotel at Gloversville, N. Y., Where He Went to Conduct Services.

WELL KNOWN AND POPULAR HERE.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* of Monday contained the following notice of the death of Rev. William Hilton Butts, formerly in charge of the music department at the Normal School. He was well known here and very popular, and the news of his death was received by his many friends with sorrow.

The *Gazette and Bulletin* says:

"Word was received in this city last evening that Rev. William Hilton Butts, for 12 years rector of All Saints' Memorial church in this city, died suddenly Saturday night.

Rev. Mr. Butts, who had resided at Corning, N. Y., during the past year, was called to Gloversville to conduct services Sunday. He arrived Saturday night, went to the hotel and dropped dead in the hotel office.

A press dispatch from Gloversville, N. Y., says: "Rev. William Hilton Butts, curate of Christ Episcopal church, of Corning, who had come to this city to occupy the pulpit at Christ church, was seized with acute indigestion soon after his arrival last night and died at his hotel before medical aid could be rendered. He was 40 years of age and a candidate for the rectorship of the local church. The remains were shipped to Corning today, where a widow survives."

Rev. William Hilton Butts was well known in this city, where he resided for 12 years, and where as rector of All Saints' Memorial church and as a prominent Scottish Rite Mason he made many warm friends both in and out of the Episcopal church. He was graduated from the General Theological Seminary of New York and was ordained to the diaconate in 1896, and to the priesthood in 1897, by Bishop Rulison, bishop of the diocese of Central Pennsylvania, of the Protestant Episcopal church. For 12 years he was rector of All Saints' Memorial parish, in which he was held in high esteem. During a portion of his residence in Williamsport he was Secretary of the Archdeaconry.

Being in poor health he left Williamsport about a year ago. Having made a complete recovery he returned to his labors in the church and became curate of Christ church, Corning, N. Y.

Mr. Butts was in this city in attendance upon the sessions of the tenth anniversary of Williamsport Consistory, Ancient Scottish Rite Masons, January 26, 27 and 28, and was apparently in perfect health. He was the organist of the consistory and took a prominent part as an officer in some of the degree work. He was a member of the Blue Lodge in New Brunswick, N. J., a member of Bloomsburg Chapter, No. 218, Royal Arch Masons, Bloomsburg, Pa.; Mount Moriah Council, No. 10, R. and S. M., Bloomsburg, Pa.; a past commander of Crusade Commandery, No. 12, Knights Templar, Bloomsburg, Pa., and a charter member of all of the Scottish Rite bodies in Williamsport Consistory. He was deputy master of Williamsport Lodge of Perfection, and at the coming election would have been made thrice potent master, its highest officer.

Deceased is survived by his wife."

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

The organization of the Firemen's Relief Association was effected at a meeting held in the town Hall last Friday evening. The officers elected were President, John Fortner; first vice president, Edward Appleman; second vice president, John Trinkle; secretary, Calvin Girton; assistant secretary, Rupert Kelly; treasurer, Jacob Stiner.

The initiation fee was fixed at 50 cents for the first six months and after that $1, with the annual dues 50 cents. The fund will be used for current expenses while the fund from which death and accident benefits will be derived from the amount which the foreign fire insurance companies, doing business in Bloomsburg, pay into the town annually. The cost of honorary life membership was placed at $2, but these members derive no benefits from the organization.

Fifty-six signed their names as charter members at the time of the meeting, and many have been added to the list since. Another meeting will be held this evening.

THE CHARITY DANCE.

The dance which was given by the alumnae nurses of the Joseph Ratti Hospital for the benefit of that institution, in the Midway last Monday evening, was a decided success. Fifty-four couples were present, including a goodly number from out of town. Dancing continued until one o'clock. Elwell's orchestra furnished the music. The catering was done by Mrs. Brugler and Mrs. Gilmore.

The committee in charge of the dance was composed of Mrs. Frank Kline, Mrs. Edward Caldwell, Miss Frances Gorrey, Miss Josephine Mollohan, Miss Anna G. Doyle, Miss Anna P. Kelly and Miss Celestine Meekins. The patronesses were Mrs. Charles B. Lutz, Mrs. Charles W. McKelvy, Mrs. F. G. Yorks, Mrs. Frank Ikeler. Mrs. Fred Ikeler, Mrs. M. J. Hess, Mrs. J. H. Mercer, Mrs. W. S. Rishton, Mrs. H. S. Barton, Mrs. F. H. Wilson and Mrs. A. Z. Schoch.

SUSQUEHANNA LEAGUE.

With the snow still on the ground and the baseball season yet in the dim distance, Columbia County is being filled with baseball talk. Benton is planning to raise a fund of five hundred dollars to support a team in the Susquehanna League, and Bloomsburg is agitating the use of Athletic Park for the same purpose.

A petition is being prepared asking the permission of Council to fence in the park and to play the league games there. There is no particular reason why this should not be done. It would be making profitable use of a plot of ground which in its present shape possesses neither beauty nor utility, and would make a good ball ground, as it did in the balmy days of the league of a decade and more ago.

HOLIDAYS.

Lincoln's birthday, February 12th. falls on Saturday this year, and Washington's birthday, February 22, on Tuesday; Memorial day and the Fourth of July will come on Monday and Christmas on Sunday. In every instance except Washington's birthday there will be two days together without work, including Sunday.

TOWNSEND'S

UP - TO - DATE

CLOTHING STORE!

SEE

THE VERY

NEW HAT

NOW ON DISPLAY

IN

Window.

TOWNSEND'S

CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WHY OUR BOYS AND GIRLS GO WRONG

Results of an Inquiry by Milwaukee Alderman and Remedies Suggested

AGENCIES ARE HELD RESPONSIBLE

Bad Home Influences, Cheap Places of Amusement and Lack of Opportunities for Wholesome Enjoyment Given as Leading Causes.

An investigation has been made by a special committee of the Common Council to discover why boys and girls of Milwaukee go wrong. The committee was headed by Alderman Emil Seidel, a Social Democrat, who introduced the resolution. It came to the conclusion that the objectionable conditions which prevail in Milwaukee are the result of city life and are common to all large cities.

Among the agencies which Milwaukee people hold responsible for the corrupting of young people and which they believe are equally active in other large cities are the following:

Undesirable home influences.

The indifference or the blind fondness of parents in many homes of the better sort.

The penny arcades, their tendency to promote flirtations and the opportunity which they present to the petty thief.

The five cent theatres and other places of cheap amusement conducted without proper supervision, not so much because of the nature of the entertainment itself, but because they promote the habit of hanging about the streets and forming chance acquaintances.

Sensational displays on the billboards.

Poolrooms and bowling alleys which allow young boys to loaf in them.

Lack of supervision of boarding houses which advertise rooms to let to young girls.

The inadequate enforcement of the compulsory education and child labor laws and of laws prohibiting the sale of liquors to minors, the sale of cigarettes and the attendance of young girls at saloon dance halls without their guardians' presence.

Inadequate laws restricting disorderly houses and poor enforcement of such laws as exist.

Lack of opportunities for wholesome enjoyment, such as public playgrounds and social centres.

As remedial agencies constructive rather than stricter prohibitive legislation is likely to be recommended to the council.

"Give the boys a place where they can play ball without keeping a lookout for the policeman," suggests H. H. Jacobs, warden of the University of Wisconsin Settlement, situated in the heart of the Polish district, "and you have taken a long step toward the solution of the problem. Give them a good club with gymnasium facilities under intelligent and sympathetic supervision and they will desert the gang which meets in alleys and which is a training school for thieves and worse."

In this statement is found the keynote of the majority of the recommendations. Among the propositions favored are the following:

The erection by the city of neighborhood houses equipped with reading rooms, rooms for games and dances and club work, bath rooms and reading rooms, the houses to be in charge of experienced workers.

The opening of the public schools after school hours as social centres and gathering places for supervised clubs.

The establishment of properly equipped and properly conducted municipal playgrounds so located as to be easily accessible to the children, and the use of the public school grounds as playgrounds open to the public after school hours.

The establishment of a parental school and of ungraded classes for backward pupils in each of the city schools.

A curfew law.

The establishment of a municipal children's theatre where fairy tales and wholesome juvenile plays may be presented, and the abolishment of the penny arcades and questionable 5 cent theatres.

Stricter enforcement of all laws protecting youth and of those providing for the punishment of adults who contribute to the delinquency of children. Additional restrictions in the child labor law. Segregation of sexes in factories or shorter working hours for women, so that men and women do not leave together.

Instruction in civics, social hygiene and home economics in the public schools, and trade schools, with both day and evening classes.

Doctors, clergymen, teachers and sociological workers are co-operating with the Seidel committee in the investigation. A phamphlet form containing a series of questions was sent out by the committee and the answers are being compiled. Hundreds of answers have been received.

Physicians' Fees Fixed by Law.

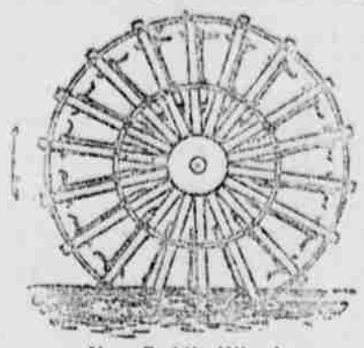
A German antiquarian has found documents showing that in ancient Babylon, 4,150 years ago, the sum due to doctors for treatment were exactly prescribed by law. They varied according to the social position of the patients.

REMARKABLE PADDLE WHEEL.

New Device Feathers the Water Like an Oarsman's Blade.

An automatic feathering wheel for a paddle-driven steamboat has been invented and perfected by W. N. Crichton of Seattle, who has patented the invention. The new wheel has an automatic tilting contrivance, so that the buckets enter and leave the water without depressing or lifting it in the operation. The new buckets are shaped corresponding to a spoon oar, which enables them to exert a greater force in propelling the vessel. By means of lateral wings on the outer edge they are able to enter the water with the least resistance, and hold by a stop pin while the pressure is exerted, when an automatic spring releases them and they assume their former inoperative position.

The concave form of the bucket creates greater pressure against the water. The position of the buckets while out of the water and moving concentric with the wheel shaft edgewise through the air diminishes air resistance. The manner in which the buckets enter the water edgewise avoids the loss of power involved in the downward pressure of the water.



New Paddle Wheel.

The automatic tilting of the buckets leaving the water throws off the back wash and eliminates dead weight. All jar or concussion from the buckets entering and leaving the water is avoided. In starting the wheel without a load the buckets are only thrown into working position by its movement either forward or back.—Seattle Times.

Prying Him Up.

When resourcefulness and a moderate amount of assurance are needed, there is no one more competent than a commercial traveller. The latest exploit of the "drummer"—and one which does him credit—is told by a writer in the Kansas City Journal.

On a very hot afternoon in Topeka recently a number of around-town chaps who do not seem to have much to do were lounging in the chairs in front of a leading hotel. Several travelling men came out of the hotel, and finding all the chairs occupied, expressed themselves with more emphasis than self-restraint.

"Let's dump a few of them out," suggested one. "Hold on a minute," replied another. "Watch me get a chair."

With that he walked over to one of the loungers and in the most courteous way said, "Will you please tell me whether that is a drug-store across the street?"

"No," replied the lounger, "that's a bank."

"Oh, is it? Well, say, what is that nice big building just down the street here, two corners away?"

"That's the post-office," was the reply.

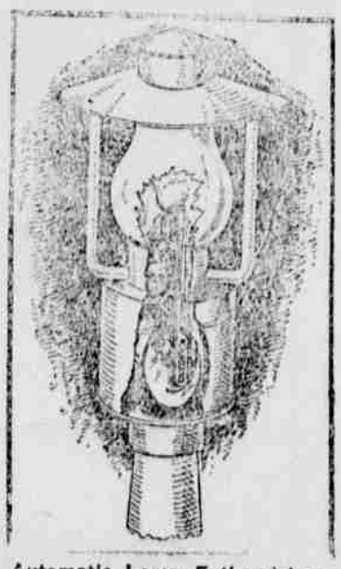
"You live in this charming city, then?" asked the drummer.

"I do," said the lounger.

"Well, then," replied the travelling man, "I'm a guest at this hotel and saying for accommodations. Suppose you get up and give me that chair."

Automatic Lamp Extinguisher.

An inventor residing in South Dakota has invented a simple device, which may be attached to an oil street lamp such as is used in a village or town, to extinguish the light at any hour set. The device consists of a



Automatic Lamp Extinguisher.

sleeve which is arranged to slide over the wick, to extinguish the lamp. This sleeve is connected by a rod to an alarm clock. A pinion on the winding key of the alarm engages a rack carried by the rod. When the hour arrives for the light to be extinguished, the alarm mechanism is disengaged, causing the key to turn in the usual way and thereby feed the sleeve upward, so that it covers the wick and extinguishes the flame.

The Bibulous Bee.

No creature is more apt to become a hopeless dipsomaniac than the honey bee. The flowers deliberately trade on the weakness and make their honey intoxicating simply to give the bee an irresistible taste for it and induce the deluded insect to make continual calls at their bar.

A Reward Withheld

With troubled eyes and a strange feeling of dissatisfaction, James Houston looked upon the small unhappy group by his fireside. His three children, Mary, aged 12; Alice, 10, and little Donald, only 7, were sulkily withstanding the gracious advances of his wife Gertrude, their new mamma. Since her homecoming, a year back, she was untiring in her efforts to win these childish hearts, but they steadily withheld the love which they felt belonged only to their pretty mother, who had left them for a happier world.

Gertrude Houston's lovely eyes filled with pain and disappointment and she left the little group and went to her husband's side. Nurse Spencer took the children out, and she looked wistfully after them, then, turning to her husband with a sigh:

"It seems like a hopeless task. I never wanted anything so much as the affection of these little ones, and yet I can't seem to touch the right chord at all. If they only knew how much I have given up for them, how many years of lonely wearines I endured, do you think they would ever understand?"

He answered with a sigh and a look of tenderest devotion. "Gertrude, no one can withstand you long. Don't give up, dear!"

. . . . . .

A year had passed and sadness filled the Houston home. Mr. Houston's health had been rapidly failing, and the last hope was a serious operation, and the result of this was feared.

They were in the library; the same old constraint existed between Gertrude and her little charges, and the same sweet patience in the woman's face. She left the room to give some orders, and the father called the children to him, and in a kind, earnest voice, pleaded for their hearts for his wife.

"'My dear children, this may be the last time we will be together. During the past year I have watched with pain the earnest efforts of your mother to gain your love and your steadfast repulse. Why is it you cannot give her even a little affection? Is she not kind to you? Does she not do everything to please you? Dress your dolls? Help you with your lessons? Fix your kites and your train of cars? What is it? Do you dislike her? If I should not come back to you she would care for you with the same loving attention, yet you will not even give her a smile or call her mamma—"

"Oh, father, how can we call her mamma! Our mamma has passed away and Spencer says we must never forget her! Every night we talk about her and wish her back again—and sometimes pray that we may be taken to her," and tears filled the big, serious eyes of Mary, and the others remained silent.

"Many years ago, before you were born, Mary, I came to Philadelphia. My father had just died, and I came to live with your Aunt Marjory. Your mother was there, a sunny faced girl of 18. Her hair was light like yours, Alice, and her eyes big and blue. Her winning smile soon captivated my boyish heart, and I thought I was in love with Helen. The summer flew by, and in the fall your mother's cousin Gertrude came to stay with us. She was entirely different from Helen; she was tall and dark, with eyes like the night. She was older than your mother and more serious, and they were fast friends. Soon I began to feel indifferent towards Helen, and yearn for Gertrude's society. I did not know what to do; I knew where my honor was, and I knew where my heart was, and worst of all—I knew where their hearts were—with me!

"One bright afternoon I told Gertrude of this love for her, and instead of hearing a like response, she treated me with cold displeasure, and with withering scorn, told me what she thought of me for speaking thus to her, when I had already won Helen's heart!

"We had been walking in the woods, and were returning to the city; as we were passing an unfinished house I was struck by a falling brace. I was unconscious for a time, and when I opened my eyes, I gazed into the white face of Gertrude—and there read her secret. For one brief moment I was wild with joy—but only for a moment. When she saw that I was regaining my senses, her attitude became totally indifferent. I was ill for a long time, and when at last I was able to leave my room, she had gone and with her all the sunshine of my life! She left a note telling me not to seek her until my debt of honor had been paid.

"And so I maried Helen, your mother. God knows I tried to be a faithful and affectionate husband to her, and she now knew Gertrude had left without a word, and never wrote or came to see her after we were married. And so she died, in the belief that she was the only one in my life. And all these years your mother Gertrude's heart was breaking. After three years I found her and brought her here. It was because she loved your mother so well that she sacrificed a lifes happiness, and now, my children, can't you give her a little of that love she so nobly left untouched for you.

There was silence in the darkened room and then sobs. When Gertrude returned after her duty was done, there were three wet little faces and outstretched arms to greet her. And when the last great grief befell them, they wept together for the loved one who had brought them together.—KATHERINE FITZPATRICK.

SELLING SUPPLIES TO THE ARMY

The Way to Get Business is to Send Catalogues to the Posts

THE METHOD OF PURCHASING

Our Army Is Located In Some Three Hundred Widely Scattered Military Posts and All Are in the Market—Bills Receipted before Payment.

The two chief supply departments of the American army are the commissary and the quartermaster's. The former furnishes all food stuffs, toilet articles and similar supplies.

The latter with few exceptions furnishes all other things needed in the service, principally camp and garrison equipage, ranging from railroads and steamships to cooking utensils and household articles.

In short, says the Bookkeeper, the quartermaster's department comes nearer the goal of a well managed department store than any other branch of the service.

Our army is located in 300 or more widely scattered military posts in the United States, Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Phillippines. At each permanent post or temporary camp there is a commissary and a quartermaster officer who are charged with the supply of the troops serving there at.

These officers may not buy the requisite supplies for their respective departments in the open market, except in very rare instances. They must obtain them through depot commissaries or depot quartermasters situated in the principal market centres of the country upon written requisition duly approved by intermediate commanders.

These requisitions state specifically what is needed, and here is where the catalogue comes into helpful use to the officer or his subordinates. From it he chooses the make, description, quality, etc., of the particular items he wants, ofttimes naming the maker and giving the catalogue number from which the information is taken.

Hence the purchasing agent at the depot in the large city, going into the market to buy, calls for the identical article asked for, and as though obeying the mandate of the modern advertiser "accepts no substitute." Large depots continually carry ordinary commodities in stock, such stock often aggregating $1,000,000 in value. The list usually ranges from road rollers and other heavy hardware to carpet tacks and washing soap.

The Government, it is said, is inevitably the last institution to adopt modern conveniences or new inventions. To-day, when vacuum processes are cleaning the interiors of our homes, the old unsanitary corn broom still sweeps the barracks and the officers' quarters at the military garrison.

It is also quite true that in these days of extensive advertising the army now and then indulges in a few conveniences of the age. When the bicycle held full sway as a pleasure and business conveyance no quartermaster found it possible to get one for official use. Now they are regularly supplied upon requisition, as are automobiles.

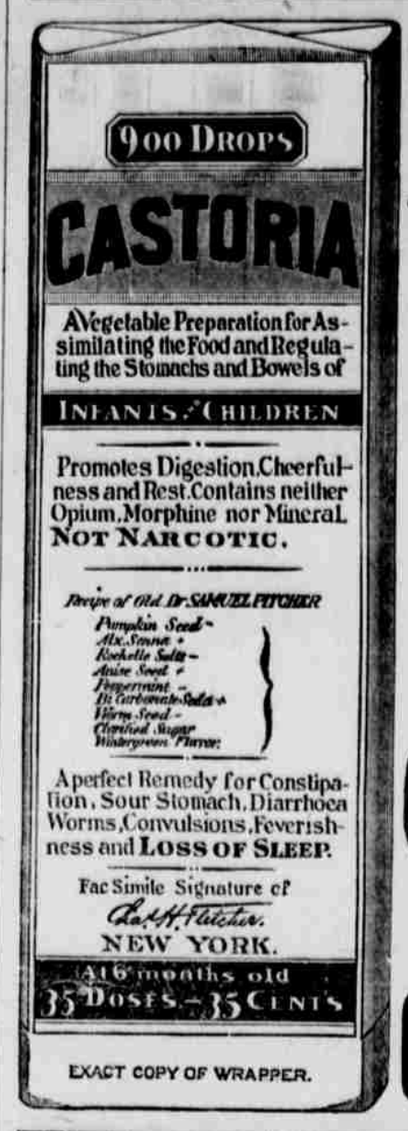
All firms doing a national business should send their latest catalogues each year to the quartermaster of each military post as well as to the quartermaster depots in the larger cities. Most maps show the name and location of our garrisoned posts; this failing, application should be made to the War Department for a list showing them.

When once you get the army in the habit of buying your products, as is now the case with reference to certain brands of soap, washing powder, lamp chimneys, stationery, inks, paste, plumbing supplies, etc., it will go on buying them to the exclusion of all other makes for an indefinite period, or until your quality degenerates or is succeeded by more modern contrivances. Uncle Sam is a customer hard to lose once you have made good to him; also the pay is sure yet sometimes slow.

In this latter regard settlement of bills should never be pressed, as it usually requires weeks, if not months, to get vouchers supporting payments ready for the disbursement. Contrary to good business sense, the Government requires a signed receipt before making payment. It frequently occurs that a business house may not receive its check for a long period after signing a receipt certifying that payment has been made in full. Comparatively little of what the army buys is bought under annual contract. Purchases are usually made at frequent intervals on circular proposal, any one having the right to bid.

Filling Buttermilk.

The great Dr. Metchnikoff has a buttermilk bug to believe that sour milk can do so much for man. Buttermilk is good, wholesome diet, mainly because it is so filling; a little of it goes a very long way, especially if taken every day, and therefore is a fairly good thing for old folk and the too fat, for most old people over-enjoy the pleasures of the palate, and a pint of sour milk gives the stomach just about the fullest, tightest sensation it can get from any sort of food.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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LAVERTY DISCOVERS BUCK WAS SPEEDY

Hollow-Ankled Deer Almost Got Away from Crack Adirondack Hunter's Gun

HAD AIR CELLS IN ITS LEGS

Noted Marksman Had to Wait Until Leaves Fell for His Annual Shot, but is Amply Repaid for the Long Delay.

Hunter's Home, Adirondacks, N. Y. —James Laverty, or "Mr. Jim," as he is known in this tremendous neck of woods, has got his annual buck of course. This one, the biggest and fattest deer shot on the mountainside, with the exception of that killed on the jump by Helen Middleton of Atlantic City on the opening day of the season, gave him a shock when he skinned it.

"Mr. Jim" would have got his buck long ago if it had not been for "Mrs. Jim." There being more hunters than deer here on the opening of the season, she would not permit her husband to go hunting for that buck until most of the leaves had fallen, thus reducing the danger of having her helpmate shot by mistake, to a minimum. Therefore it was that Jim watched the frost and the early shower of leaves closely. Those who don't know him thought his expression of delight at the beautiful coloring along the mountain slope following the first heavy frosts was from his pure love of nature beautiful. But those who have seen his restiveness along about this time of year knew he was waiting for the leaves to fall, so that his wife would let him go hunting.

It seemed safe enough on last Saturday, and with the permission of "Mrs. Jim" he shouldered his repeating shotgun and started along the miles of slope toward the John and Fred Milholland place, several miles away toward the wildest of the wilds. For, like the real hunter who always is careful of the lives and rights of others, he hunts deer with buckshot—not that he is in fear of missing with a rifle, but that a rifle bullet travels so fast and far no one knows where it is going to stop, especially when impelled from one of the modern high power guns.

Confident of her husband, "Mrs. Jim" stood long and patiently in the chill air in front of the famous Hunter's Home. Then came re-echoing from the mountainside, mellowed by distance, the unmistakable roar of Jim's gun.

"Well, he got him," she remarked serenely, for be it known that Jim never shot a doe, and never missed a buck.

But this buck was a curiosity, as Laverty learned when skinning it, for it had no "horseshoe" nail, or "toothpick" in either front ankle—it is called ankle for lack of any other name to express exactly where this "bone nail" is located. Just above the deer's hoof, where the pulse would be in a human, there is an unattached bone, the perfect shape of a horseshoe nail, lying snugly between the tendons, head down. This "nail," with the bunch of muscles is Nature's provision to prevent a deer from breaking its front legs in jumping—it acts as a sort of rubber cushion to ease the shock.

In looking for this nail to-day, to add to his trophies, Laverty was amazed to find they were missing from both ankles. Instead, there was a marked hollow, a perfect air cushion that was "just as good" so far as saving the buck from broken legs was concerned.

"No wonder he started away from me like an aeroplane at sixty miles an hour," said Laverty.

5 BROTHERS WED 5 SISTERS.

Five Other Sisters Act as Bridesmaids and Five Brothers as Best Men.

Columbus, Ky.—A marriage ceremony in Kent county united five sisters to five brothers.

Misses Maud, Nellie, Kate, Anne and Susie Martin were married to John, Dan, Hugh, Jack and Dick Hill. Five sisters acted as bridesmaids and five brothers of the bridegrooms acted as best men.

It was proposed to follow the wedding with a honeymoon for the five happy couples to extend to St. Louis but the lateness of the crops prevented the men members from leaving home at this time.

Lightning Hits House 12 Times.

Santa Fe, N. M.—News of a remarkble play of lightning in Chaves County has just reached here. A bolt struck the house of W. E. Rail, a homesteader, and H. N. Rutherford, who with his family was at the Rail home, was killed. Following this at intervals of one minute eleven more bolts struck the house, each shocking an occupant, though not fatally. There were thirteen persons in the house. The last stroke set the house on fire, but the flames were extinguished by Mrs. Rail with buckets of water.

Inventor of Roller Coaster Dead.

Toledo, Ohio.—Alonson Wood, eighty, inventor of the roller coaster, who originated many improvements on the roller skate, died here. Wood devoted the last ten years of his life to a study of aeronautics and spent several years in building a heavier-than air machine.

WAYS OF THE PHALAROPES

In This Bird Family the Male Sits on the Nest and Hatches the Brood.

Whether years are bringing changes in the ways of the birds or their habits are better known and more carefully observed from year to year there is a growing frequency in the reports of wanderings from accustomed routes of travel. The northern phalaropes, familiar along the Canadian coast in their migration to and from their remote breeding grounds, do not often wander inland. But this season the deceptive expanse of the great lakes and the charms of the Humber valley brought a straggler by the overland route.

The phalaropes are peculiar in many ways. They are ploverlike birds, running along the shore or standing on masses of weeds gathering a supply of minute insects. But instead of the slender feet of the plover and sandpipers they have lobed feet that render them expert swimmers. They seem almost ridiculously small and insignificant when swimming courageously over the waves in a breaking surf.

In domestic affairs the phalaropes have adopted the most startling of modern innovations, and if they ever establish political organizations the chief question will be as to the wisdom or otherwise of extending the franchise to males. The female is the larger, and in summer wears a gay costume of black, white and buff, with a reddish brown gorget.

In this she sports about on the shore of her arctic summer resort, while her insignificant partner, in sombre plumage, sits on the nest, hatches out the brood and attends faithfully to the duties of his appointed sphere. Having the more important duties to discharge, he is naturally less consequential than his gay and proudly satisfied partner. Some day there may be a suffragette movement among the male phalaropes, but so far they have been content to do their duty as they are directed by the heads of their respective households.

When the period of domestic life is over they venture almost to assert themselves and assume a place in the mixed flocks. The heads of the several households have then left off their way plumage and the natural disparity is not so apparent. On the southward journey there may be a passing recognition of something approaching equality, for travel and contact with strange habits and unfamiliar views of life may have its effect, even in the lofty night flights and the days of loitering recuperation.

"BONE AGE" ON THE PRAIRIES.

How Many Settlers Lived While Getting Their Claims.

The pioneers of Kansas will never forget the "buffalo bone age." When central and southwestern Kansas were settled the prairie was strewn with buffalo bones. Those were hard times in Kansas and the gathering of these bones enabled the early settlers to live while they were getting their claims broken out for the producing of crops.

Nine-tenths of the pioneers of that section of Kansas—and there weren't very many at that—had literally nothing but a team and a few household goods that they had hauled from the East in a single wagon. Of course there were no buffalo, for this was in the late '70s, but their bones strewed the plains, and these bones were the only thing that had a commercial value and they were utilized. They were hauled in great wagonloads to the nearest railway, often from sixty to one hundred miles away, and sold.

The horns were the more valuable and they went first, but the rest of the skeleton soon followed. There were no fortunes made by these early bone hunters, for a large load of buffalo bones brought only from $5 to $8 at the railroad towns, but the proceeds from a load enabled the settler to buy a little flour, coffee and occasionally meat and lumber.

Songs vs. Hymns.

"I'm a religious man myself—you understand," he said as he walked into Prosecutor Geier's office, considerably aroused. "But is a man supposed to listen to his neighbor playing the organ and singing hymns at 4 o'clock in the morning? Huh?

"I go to church just as much as he does and my children go to Sunday school, and I think I'm just as good a man as he is, if I do say it myself. But this is going too far. He isn't even a good singer. Honest, he's got an awful voice."

The neighbor, it seems, gets up at 4 or 5 and starts long hymns every morning, accompanying himself on the organ. Geier refused to order an arrest.

"All I can suggest is a counter irritant," he said. Noting the look of surprise, he exclaimed: "You get up a little earlier and start a phonograph playing 'Waltz Me Around Again, Willie,' or 'Oh, Gee, Be Sweet to Me, Kid,' or 'Love Me and the World Is Mine,' or something like that. Then when he gets mad and comes to you about it make a bargain with him."

The man agreed and started for a music store at once.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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FEBRUARY JURORS.

Second week.

D. F. d Howell,—Mt. Pleasant
Davi Mordan,—Mt. Pleasant
David E. Yeager,—Locust
Howard Gteenley,—Berwick
Calvin P. Blecker,—Montour
T. E. Brittain,—Benton
G. C. Feust,—Berwick
Samuel W. Ikeler,—Berwick
Wesley Morris,—Greenwood
E. W. Greenley,—Greenwood
Samuel H. Mordan,—Madison
Isaac Fetterman,—Conyngham
Wes'ey Fairchilds,—West Berwick
G. P. Davis,—Bloom
R. H. Hess,—Berwick
Sylvester Beaver,—Conyngham
Clem Marsteer y,—Berwick
Frank S Leighnow,—Centre
F. E. Boice,—Berwick
Thomas Merell,—Scott
A. L. Fritz,—Sugarloaf
Jacob Getty,—Centralia
Henry S. Keck,—Berwick
E. R. Wilson,—Benton Twp.
Jhon Shalles,—Berwick
J. Lawrence,—Montour
D. J. Hummer,—Bloom
Wm. Elmes, Sr.,—Berwick
Wm. C. Hartman,—Scott
C. E. Blame,—Berwick
W. F. Rough,—Berwick
Zehneder Low,—Orange
M. E. Ervin,—Catawissa
John J. Rielly, Centralia
John Watters,—Catawissa
William Singleton,—Conyngham

PRESERVING FOOD

Much to Be Said of Meats Cured by Salt and Smoke.

For some time past the public taste has been gradually growing in favor of mild-cured articles, with the result that at the present moment strong salted or smoked foods are not in evidence as they used to be, and are rarely called for. The ham and the bacon must be mild cured, and even butter must be fresh and absolutely without a salt flavor.

This preference for the so-called mild-cured article has undoubtedly furnished an excuse on the part of the caterers for the use of stronger antiseptics, salt and smoke, and antiseptics which are, compartively speaking, tasteless, or, at any rate, which add no special flavor to the food. The old-fashioned antiseptics—salt and smoke—are thus sharply distinguished from modern antiseptics, inasmuch as the former not only preserved food but also served as condiments. In the case, however, of certain preserved foods, although the salt may be left out, the smoke must be retained, as otherwise the food loses its individuality. The kipper, for example, is inseparable from the smoky flavor, as is also dried haddock or dried salmon.

We have heard that a "smoke essence" is employed to impart the kind of palatability associated with properly smoked food, but such practice, coupled with the use of antiseptics, would really account for the regrettable fact that cured articles of diet are not now up to their former standard.

Assuming that the mild-cured article—and as a particular example we choose butter, because it is an indispensable article of the dietary—is free from objectionable antiseptics, it is still left more helpless against the attacks of micro-organisms than were the old-fashioned cured foodstuffs.

Experiments have, in fact, shown that the addition of salt to butter is a factor of great importance from the point of view of germs. In unsalted butter the growth of micro-organisms is more vigorous and continues for a longer time than is the case with salted butter. Mycelial fungi, if present, disappear entirely after a while in salted butter, while in fresh or unsalted butter they multiply rapidly.

The quality of butter appears to be improved by a small percentage of salt (say 2.5); it encourages the development of flavor, which makes butter an attractive article of food, and it acts as a safeguard.

Altogether there would appear to be certain valid reasons for thinking that the public preference for the mild-cured article may be an error of judgment, and there certainly is much to be said in favor of the old policy of preserving foods by salt and smoke.—The Lancet.

Woman Lighthouse Keeper.

On the western coast of the United States, at Monterey, Cal., Mrs. Fish keeps the lamps lighted in the Point Pinas lighthouse. On the eastern coast, at South Portland, Me., Mrs. Gordon earns her living by working as a deep-sea diver.

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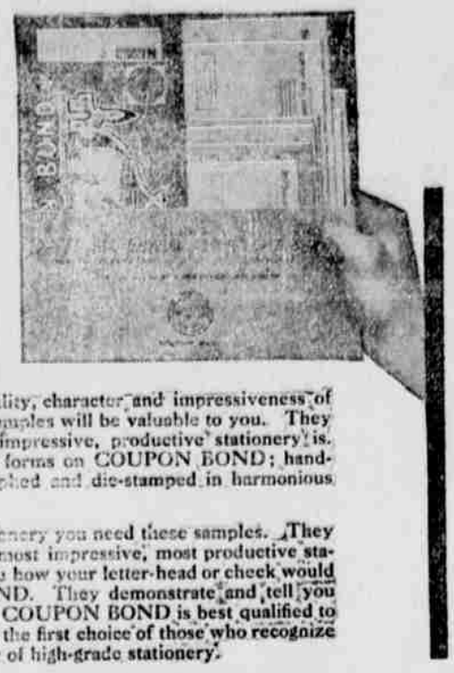

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Shoes Made by Tolstoi.

"These shoes were made by Tolstoi, the Tolstoi, the greatest literary genius of the age."

The shoes, framed in oak, hung over the mantel—a coarse pair of cowhides, with hob nails. The speaker, who was a famous manufacturer of shoes, went on:

"When se was in Russia I visited Tolstoi. I told him of my admiration of his books, and I watched him at his cobbling. He works, you know, three or four hours a day on the bench.

"I found that he worked too slowly to make a living as a shoemaker. Furthermore, I found that he would have been incapable of turning out dress shoes. The coarse, heavy boot of the peasant was all Tolstoi was equal to, and, although he labored fiercely—for he wanted, of course, to show off before an experienced shoemaker like me—I had to tell him that he'd have difficulty in getting a journeyman's job anywhere.

"Tolstoi presented me with the pair of boots over the mantel, and I presented him with some money for his poor. I also taught him a quicker way to waxen a thread than the old-fashioned one he used."

Tall Montana Folk.

A singular rivalry has arisen between two Montana towns as to which possesses the tallest family. Libby, in Flathead county, professes to have more tall people than any town of its size on the continent. Ten members of one family have a combined height of almost sixty feet. The father weighs 215 pounds and is 6 feet 2 1-2 inches tall. The mother weighs 225 pounds and is 5 feet 5 inches tall. The first son, 6 feet 2 1-2 inches tall, age 21 years; second son, 6 feet 4 inches, age 19 years. The head of this proud family is Herman Bockman.

Red Lodge calls attention to the fact that in that city four members of one family are taller than any four members of the Bockman family. W. A. Talmage is 6 feet 4 1-2 inches tall; Earl Talmage, age 18 years, is 6 feet 8 inches tall; Elmer Talmage, age 19 years, is 6 feet 7 1-4 inches tall, and Nathan, the youngest, who is only 12 years of age, measures 5 feet 6 inches. Then the average height of the father and three sons will unquestionably compare with that of any other family in the entire country.—Helena correspondence St. Paul Despatch.

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6.20	2.50	9.50
6.50	3.50	10.50
7.50	4.50	* 11.50
8.50	5.50	
9.50	6.50	
10.50		
11.50		

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6.50 a. m.
¶ From Power House.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
*7.20	1.00	8.00
8.00	2.00	9.00
9.00	3.00	*10.00
10.00	4.00	*11.00
11.00	5.00	*12.00
		† 1.00

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg, for Danville:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.10	12.10	6.10
6.00	1.10	7.10
7.10	2.10	8.10
8.10	3.10	9.10
9.10	4.10	10.10
10.10	5.10	*11.10
11.10		

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7.10 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
8.00	1.00	8.00
9.00	2.00	9.00
10.00	3.00	10.00
11.00	4.00	* 11.00
	5.00	¶12.00

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
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¶Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

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6.15	P. M.	†7.00
†7.00	1.00	8.00
†8.00	†2.00	9.00
9.00	†3.00	10.10
†10.00	4.00	*11.00
†11.00	5.00	

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7.00 a. m.
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Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
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6.35	1.30	7.30
7.30	2.30	8.30
8.30	3.30	9.30
9.30	4.30	10.30
10.30	5.30	* 11.30
11.30		

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	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M.
	†	†	†	†
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 01
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill.....	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 28
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 05
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 52
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners.....	‖9 40	‖3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 08	7 30
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 18	8 10
Edsons.....	‖10 00	‖3 37	‖7 17	8 29
Coles Creek.....	‖10 03	‖3 40	‖7 21	8 56
Laubachs.....	‖10 08	‖3 45	‖7 31	8 35
Grass Mere Park.....	‖1010	‖3 47	‖7 33	...
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	8 5
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 0

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	†	†	†
Jamison City.....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 15
Central.....	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 30
Grass Mere Park	‖6 01	‖11 00	‖4 47	‖7 12	...
Laubachs.....	‖6 03	‖11 02	‖4 48	‖7 13	11 38
Coles Creek.....	‖6 12	‖11 06	‖4 53	‖7 22	11 45
Edsons.....	‖6 14	‖11 09	‖4 56	‖7 24	11 50
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 25
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 35
Zaners.....	‖6 35	‖11 29	‖5 17	‖7 45	12 44
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	12 50
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 10
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 22
Paper Mill.....	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 27
Bloom. P & R.....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8.25	1 47
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	1 50
			P. M		P M

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With the Largest Capital and Surplus in the County, a Strong Directorate, Competent Officers and Every Modern Facility, we solicit Accounts, Large or Small, and Collections on the Most Liberal Terms Consistent with Sound Banking, and Invite YOU to inspect our NEW QUARTERS.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits

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M. E Stackhouse. Clinton Herring,

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1910

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
of Bloomsburg.

Reforming the Legislature.

The next Legislature of this State will have some very important work to perform both in the matter of repealing bad laws, improving laws that have merit as well as faults and enacting new legislation that is needed. Under existing political conditions in Philadelphia and Pittsburg there is not much hope of changing the party complexion of the Legislature. But there is substantial ground for the belief that if the voters of the State who desire civic improvement will proceed with proper intelligence and energy, the minority in both branches of the Legislature may be so materially strengthened that good results in all directions may be achieved.

The time to begin this work is now. The place is in the selection of candidates for Senators and Representatives in the Legislature. Our friends, the enemy, have plenty of troubles to distract, if not divide, their forces, in various places. The opposition to the re-election of George T. Oliver, as Senator in Congress, is already large and constantly increasing. The resentment, on the part of the better element of the party, against the methods of the machine is not diminishing. These facts will help the opposition in efforts to elect better men to the Legislature. Thousands who may not be willing to vote against the candidates of the machine will refrain from voting altogether.

The magnificent effort of C. La-Rue Munson to secure a seat on the Supreme bench last fall shows what the right sort of a candidate who proceeds along right lines toward the fulfillment of his ambitions may achieve. His experience proves that dozens of Democratic candidates for Senator and Representatives in the Legislature may be successful if they are men of the character to command popular respect and have the energy to present their claims to the people. Therefore Democrats should begin at once to select candidates for nomination at the June primaries. We ought to gain fifty seats in the House and half a dozen in the Senate and can if we will begin now and act wisely.

Bellefonte Watchman.

GUARDS HEALTH OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Commissioner Dixon Sends Warning to Boards throughout State.

The health of the children in "the little red schoolhouse" receives the attention of State Commissioner Dixon in a circular letter that he is sending out to the secretary of every rural school board in Pennsylvania.

The act of Assembly of 1907 provides that where heating is accomplished by a common stove, this stove shall in part be enclosed with a shield or jacket of sufficient height and suitable material so as to protect all pupils while seated at their desks from direct rays of heat. It further provides that the school rooms shall be furnished with ample means of ventilation, and that a thermometer shall be kept in each room.

In the circular letter the commissioner says:

"The health officers of the several districts of the State, under instructions from the Department of Health, make two inspections of schools each school year in townships of the second class and report to this department on cards furnished them for that purpose. These instructions relate only to sanitary conditions, and the principal matters of inquiry are ventilation, light, heating facilities and water supply.

"Upon receipt of these cards in this department notices are sent to the several school boards calling their attention to conditions which should be improved or remedied.

"It is not only the purpose of the Department of Health in making these inspections and sending out these notices to secure the observance of existing laws regarding the sanitary conditions of schools, but also to encourage and assist boards of school directors to make all necessary or desirable sanitary improvements.

"Regarding the matter of water supply, it is, of course, always desirable that the children be furnished with the best drinking water that can possibly be obtained in the vicinity, and that sanitary measures in regard to drinking cups and utensils for holding water be maintained in the school room.

"If water is secured from a spring or well, this spring or well should be protected from surface drainage and from water seeping back into it.

"Individual drinking cups in schools are a necessity and must be provided either by the pupils or the school authorities, and provisions made for filling them, either by a cooler or, if a bucket is used, a common dipper should be provided and the water dipped from the bucket in this dipper and the drinking cups filled in that way. The children should not be allowed to dip their cups into the bucket. The use of a common drinking cup in the school room is exceedingly dangerous and a constant menace to the health of all the pupils.

"These matters are of great importance, and it should be the aim of all boards of school directors to comply with these laws and to further improve sanitary conditions in their schools just as much as local conditions will allow."

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office.

It May Be Pneumonia

"A hard chill, pain through the chest, difficult breathing. Then fever, with great prostration." If this should be your experience, send for your doctor. You may have pneumonia! If your doctor cannot come at once, give Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. When he comes, tell him exactly what you have done. Then do as he says. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Keep the bowels in good condition. One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will cause an increased flow of bile, and produce a gentle laxative effect the day following.

WASHINGTON:

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5, 1910.

Now that Senators Aldrich and Hale have returned to the Capitol it is expected that there will be greater activity in legislative work. Senator Aldrich has been in Florida where he went for the improvement of his health. Senator Hale has been in Maine looking after his reelection to the Senate. He has considerable opposition there and many republicans and presumably all democrats hope he will be defeated. These two men Aldrich and Hale are the bosses of the Senate. Aldrich especially, has been in a way the most successful boss, if having ones way with his party counts, that the Senate has ever known. He has been brilliantly opposed in his own party notably by Senator Dolliver of Iowa. Senator Adlrich is one of those mute politicians who attains his ends by mysterious silence and indefatigable work. Senator Aldrich is opposed to the postal banks but it is thought that the President's recommendation to establish such banks will be passed in spite of the opposition of Aldrich of Rhode Island and Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas.

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It is given out that the President expects that the promises of the Republican party platform, reiterated by him in his campaign speeches, will now be carried out by the coaction of the insurgents and regulars. The House Committee on Rules no longer retains its despotic power and legislative measures can no longer be put through by the dictum of the Rules Committee but must depend on caucus approval. It really appears that the truce has been brought about through an understanding that the House organization will act with the insurgents and vote into law the postal savings bank bill, the interstate commerce bill and the conservation bill. The Federal incorporation bill, it is understood, may be postponed until next session. The bill admitting New Mexico and Arizona has passed the House and it is said is in favor with the Senate. There is hope on the Republican side that the ship subsidy bill will be enacted. There is considerable elation in the camp of the insurgents who claim they have weakened if not broken the power of the Committee on Rules. It is certain that the Cannon-Dalzell crowd no longer parade matters out of the Committee on Rules with the confident expectation that a majority of the House will approve their action. Party caucuses are the order of the day where, after fair discussion an agreement is made and this alone receives the approval of the majority in regular session. It is said that the insurgents are hopeful of removing the Speaker, Mr. Cannon from the Rules Committee during the present session. It can be easily understood that the President is doing all in his power to heal the breach in the Republican party and to strengthen it for the doubtful fight in the next Congressional election.

***

The social season is at its height in Washington. Dinners and receptions at the White House and at the homes of the Cabinet ministers and at those senators and representatives who can afford them are the order of the day, or rather of the night and it is interesting to note the changes, small but significant, in social matters under different administrations. The chief innovation at the White House is refreshments to all invited guests. The number invited is not so large by any means as during the administration of Roosevelt and his predecessors but it is quite large enough to fill the Executive Mansion without crowding it. For example, the Congressional reception was held last night and some thirteen hundred guests attended including members of the Senate and House and the adult members of their families with many visitors to Washington and a large number of the permanent residents of the city. The gates of the White House grounds were thrown open at 9:00 P. M. precisely and the long line of carriages and automobiles that had formed began slowly to move forward and discharge their living freight. The guests filed along the gallery and up the stairs into the East room and after waiting twenty minutes a flourish of trumpets announced that the reception had begun, when all filed by the President shaking hands with him and Mrs. Taft and as many of the ladies of the receiving body as they desired to shake hands with. As they passed by the President and the receiving group they filed into the dining room where refreshments were served. The crowd was large and at times dense but the novelty of eating in the White House was for the first time enjoyed by an unusual number. About eleven o'clock the Marine Band moved into the East room which was a signal for dancing, and in this pass-time the President took part with Miss Mable Boardman as his partner.

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There is no lack of evidence that the Republicans in Congress are extremely anxious with reference to ths elections that are to take place next November. On the other hand the Democrats are hopeful and it will not surprise political wiseacres if the next House shall be Democratic. This of course will settle the question in another way of Speaker Cannon's dictatorship. Another man, presumably Champ Clark, will be elected as Speaker of the House.

The investigation in Congress with reference to the cost of living is proving a very delicate subject to the Republicans, for they fear that the tariff will be blamed and that the party will suffer. Republicans as well as Democrats know full well that in spite of party assurances and in spite of the approval of the tariff bill in the President's Winona speech, the revision was upward instead of downward and the upward prices of everything that one eats, or wears, or uses, since then, prove that the Payne-Aldrich bill was a snare in which the whole American people have been entrapped and robbed. There is a feeling of uneasiness in the Republican ranks that may develop into a panic.

THE MURDER CROP.

The Difference Between the German and American Methods of Dealing With Murderers.

The average number of murders in the United States annually during the twenty years from 1885 to 1904, was 6,597, according to Josiah Strong's "Social Progress." In 1895 there were 10,500 murders and in 1896 there were 10,662. In Germany the convictions equal more than ninety-five per cent. of those accused of murder. In the United States the convictions are 1.3 per cent. These amazing figures are cited chiefly by way of calling attention to an address delivered recently by Hon. Andrew D. White, former president of Cornell College and late American ambassador to Germany. Dr. White gave it as his deliberate opinion that the alarming prevalence of crime in this country is chargeable to the practice under which the administration of criminal justice has become largely a game played by clever lawyers. He pointed out that there are forty three times more murders in the United States than in Canada and eight times more than in Belgium, which has more than any other European country. Dealing with the matter of penalties, Dr. White declared that in the United States only one murderer in seventy-four is punished, and that the average criminal serves but seven years of a life sentence. For the dangerous conditions revealed by these figures Dr. White would institute measures of the most radical character. He ridicules the vicious theory that crime is a disease to be treated as such. It must be dealt with as crime alone and rather than continue the present defective administration of justice he would put the professional criminal to death as a measure of public safety. The proposal is startling, but as between society and the habitual criminal, whose interests are entitled to first consideration?

IS IT STILL A HOLIDAY?

State's Attorney General Has a Knotty Problem to Solve.

Attorney General Todd will be called upon to decide another of the knotty problems arising from the constitutional amendments adopted last November. The act of June 23, 1897, specifies a number of public holidays, including "The third Tuesday of February, election day." The constitutional amendments abolish the February elections after the present year, but no provision is made for annulling the legal holiday.

The question arises whether banks and other financial institutions will have to continue to close on the third Tuesday of February.

The year 1910 will be marked by four eclipses—two of the sun and two of the moon. Both eclipses of the moon will be visible in America, but both of the sun will be invisible. The first total eclipse of the moon will occur on May 22, and the second will occur on Wednesday, November 16.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

COME NOW FOR LINENS

Onr Semi-Annual Event Emphasizing Marked Economics in Table Linens and Allied Linens.

Come. Select your linens. This is a linen buying time because it's money saving time. There is safety as well as savings in buying linens here. We will tell you whether a cloth is all linen, or cotton and linen mixed. You must not be fooled. But whether you buy all linen or cotton and linen mixtures—you'll get the biggest money's worth you ever secured.

BLEACHED TABLE LINENS

56 inch bleached table linen, regular value 25c now 20c
60 inch bleached table linen, regular value 50c now 45c
66 inch bleached table linen, regular value 75c now 69c
72 inch bleached table linen, regular value 85c now 73c
70 inch bleached table linen, regular value $1 now 89c
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.15 now 98 cents.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.50 now 1.29.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.59 now 1.39.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1,75 now 1.59.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 2.25 now 1.98.

Unbleached Table LInens

56 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 25c now 20c
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 39c now 32½
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 50c now 45c
70 in. unbleached linens, regular value 56c now 49c.
60 in. unbleached linens, regular value 60c now 50c.
64 in. unbleached linens, regular value 75c now 58c.

Ready Made Towels Included in This Sale

Plain all linen huckaback towels 18x36 in. very heavy, regular value 50c.. now 39c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x36 in. regular value 30c., now 22 cents a pair.
Regular 30c Turkish bath towels reduced to 22c a pair.
Regular 50c Turkish bath towels reduced to 44c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x32, regular value 20c apiece, now 18c a pair.
Every towel in stock reduced for this sale, and variety is complete. Buy towels now.

F. P. PURSEL,
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A

An Irresistible Bargain.

$1.75 Value for Only $1.15.

ALL FOR ONLY $1.15

- One Year's Subscription for McCall's Magazine
- Any 15-Cent McCall Pattern you may select
- One Year's Subscription for The Columbian.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

Is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated hundred-page monthly magazine. It contains sixty new Fashion Designs in each issue. Every woman needs it for its up-to-date fashions, entertaining stories and complete information on all home and personal topics. Over one million subscribers. Acknowledged the best Home and Fashion Magazine. Regular price, 5 cents a copy Worth double.

McCall Patterns

So simple you cannot misunderstand them. Absolutely accurate. In style, irreproachable. You may select, free, any McCall Pattern you desire from the first number of the magazine which reaches you. Regular price, 15 cents.

The Columbian

is the oldest newspaper in the county. It is not sensational, and what it prints is reliable, and fit to be read by anybody. Regular price $1.00 per year.

DON'T MISS

THIS EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Call at our office or address your order to

The Columbian, Bloomsburg, Pa

AT EVANS'

STRIKINGLY HANDSOME DRESS BOOT

in the newest style. In dull finish calf with black cloth top, button.

For Women, Price $3.50.

TRY A PAIR.

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1910

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Sunday opened up with a cold snap that sent the mercury down to 4° below o.

Francis R. Drake who has been a Director of Bloom Poor District during the past term, is a candidate for re-election.

The sale at the clothing store of Housenick & Company has been drawing big crowds to take advantage of the bargains.

I respectfully solicit the support of the voters of the district, as a candidate for Director of Bloom Poor District.

FRANCIS R. DRAKE.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Miss Leona Brown, Mr. Robert Wm. Chambers, Mrs. S. C. M. Johns, Mrs. William Long. Cards. Miss Leona Brown (2), Miss Florence Kistner.

COUNCIL MEETING.

The Town Council held a short session on Monday evening. Little important buisness was transacted. The fire plugs were ordered flushed monthly; additional lights, fire plugs, and fire alarm boxes were ordered placed; and the matter of putting telephones in the fire houses was considered. The Town Treasurer was instructed to pay off one thousand dollars on the temporary loan.

If You Are A Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes it's some satisfaction to know that many people can wear shoes a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease into them. Just the thing for Patent Leather Shoes, and for breaking in New Shoes. Sold Everywhere, 25c. 1-20-4t.

LIBRARY POPULAR.

The report of the Librarian of the Bloomsburg Public Library for the month of January, which was made to the Board of Managers at a meeting last Friday indicates that there is no lack of interest in that institution in this community.

It shows that the circulation last month was 2187, and that the number of visitors was 3270.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

is the old reliable cough remedy. Found in every drug store and in practically every home. For sale by all druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles. 1-20-4t.

PURCHASED GREENHOUSES.

Guy Harder, of Catawissa, has purchased from Matthew McReynolds, the greenhouses on Fourth street, formerly belonging to Davis Bros. and Co.

Mr. Harder intends repairing them at once and devoting the whole to the culture of lettuce. The engine and boilers are all in good repair and it will require but a small outlay of money to put them all in a first class condition.

GAS PLANT IMPROVEMENTS.

The Columbia Power, Light and Railways Company is preparing to make improvements at the gas plant, which will greatly add to its efficiency. The plans call for an addition to the building, the removal of the present retorts and the installation of two new benches of five retorts each instead of four as at present. A concrete floor will be laid, the material for which is already on the ground.

Don't Get All Run Down,

Weak and miserable. If you have kidney or bladder trouble, headache, pains in the back, and feel tired all over and want a pleasant herb cure, try Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. As a regulator it has no equal. All Druggists, 50c. Ask *to-day*. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 1-20-4t.

MR. ELWELL'S CARD.

Without suggestion or solicitation on my part, I have been nominated for the office of School Director for the term of three years, in Bloom School District.

As there are two directors to be elected for three years, each voter has two votes. He can cast them both for one person, or can give one to each of two.

Having been named for the office, it is quite natural that I do not want to be defeated. I have been a resident of Bloomsburg since my boyhood, and have always been interested in educational matters. Three years I spent teaching school, part of the time as a member of the Faculty of the Normal School, and for twenty years I was a trustee of that institution, most of the time a member of the committee having in charge the employment of teachers.

The office of School Director is, or at least should be a non-partisan one. It would be so, so far as I am concerned, should I be elected.

In case my fellow citizens see fit to call me to this important office, I shall devote to it my best efforts, backed by an educational and business experience of more than thirty-five years.

Respectfully,
GEO. E. ELWELL.

BAD DAY FOR SLEDDING.

Tuesday seemed to have been an unlucky day for those who were out coasting, for accidents were numerous.

On the Iron Street Hill James Witts, Jr., farctured his right leg below the knee.

Cordean, the five-years-old son of B. C. Severance, of Light Street road, suffered a fracture of the right leg above the knee while coasting down a private road entering Light Street road from property of J. E. Roys, when the sled upon which he and his elder brother were coasting, was struck by a bob-sled, laden with boys, that was coming down Light Street road at rapid speed.

Five boys who were coasting down the hill from the High School to Main Street, in Catawissa, in the evening, were blinded by an arc light and failed to miss a team ahead of them. The resulting crash laid all of them up, and one of them, Steven Rhawn, broke his leg.

A CARD FROM MR. TOWNSEND.

Republican Candidate for President of Town Council.

TO THE CITIZENS AND VOTERS OF BLOOMSBURG.

My nomination as a candidate for President of the Town Council came unsought, and in accepting I express my appreciation of the honor and implied confidence.

My record as a business man, and my service as Town Auditor since 1905 are known, and I ask your support at the polls, pledging myself, if elected, to an administration of the Town's affairs, devoted to the best interest of all our citizens, the advancement of our Town along every line, the fair equivalent in value for every dollar of public money expended. I have no personal interest to further save that of conducting the public affairs in a clean, business like way.

Respectfully yours,
Joseph L. Townsend.

NEW CANDY STORE.

John Bush has rented the store room and residence of the late D. A. Creasy, on East Main street, and will conduct a wholesale and retail confectionery store

MANY A DAY IS SPOILED

By a cough which cannot be broken by ordinary remedies. But why not try a medicine that will cure any cough that any medicine can cure? That is Kemp's Balsam. It is recommended by doctors and nurses, and it costs only 25 cents at any druggist's or dealer's. Keep a bottle always in the house and you will always be prepared to treat a cold or cough before it causes any suffering at all.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the BLOOMSBURG NATIONAL BANK,

at Bloomsburg, in the State of Penna. at the close of business, Jan. 31, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		386,876 40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		153 39
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Bonds, securities, etc		228,594 78
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		8,000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		2,323 17
Due from approved reserve agents		89,257 78
Checks and other cash items		3,543 36
Notes of other National Banks		485 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		283 14
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$18,707 50	
Legal-tender notes	13,181 00	31,888 50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer 5 per cent. of circulation		5,000 00
Total		$856,405 52

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		14,028 20
National Bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other National Banks		38,062 51
Individual deposits subject to check	553,645 82	
Certified checks	98.79	
Cashier's checks outstanding	570.20	554,314 81
Total		$856,405 52

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

I, Wm. H. HIDLAY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Wm. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of Feb. 1910.

C. W. McKELVEY, Notary Public.

Commission Expires Feb. 27, 1911.

H. B. Clark,
H. J. Conner,
M. J. Hess,
A. Z. Schoch, } Directors.

RECENT DEATHS.

NICHOLAS MYERS.

Nicholas Myers died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Brink, on Third Street, last Thursday afternoon, in his seventy-second year. He had been suffering from apoplexy for seven years.

He is survived by five daughters, Mrs. Harry Brink, Mrs. Annie Williams and Mrs. F. H. Evans, of Bloomsburg; Mrs. Henry Holderman, of Rohrsburg, and Mrs. Cleveland Keller, of Berwick.

The funeral services were held Monday afternoon at two o'clock, the Rev. W. C. Slough officiating.

WILLIAM IGLEHART.

Word was received by the relatives in this section announcing the death of William Iglehart which occurred at Salt Lake City January 31, of lung trouble. The interment was made at Evansville, Indiana, last Friday. He leaves to survive him a wife, and twin sons aged 15 years. Besides these there are his mother, Mrs. Florence B. Iglehart, and his sister, Miss Eleanor Iglehart, both of whom are well known in this community as the former is a sister of Miss Alice Barton, of Espy, and Henry Barton of Lime Ridge.

MRS. E. E. EVANS.

Mrs. Eva Eliza Evans, of East Eighth Street, was stricken with heart trouble in the grocery store of Mrs. C. E Kelchner, at the corner of Catherine and Eighth Streets, last Saturday evening. She died before the arrival of a physician.

Mrs. Evans was a daughter of Jonas Price, and was born in Catawissa, township, April 24, 1854 She had spent most of her life in Bloomsburg.

She is survived by the following children: Clark and Jerry Evans, residing at home, Harry Evans, of East Eighth street, and Miss Rebecca Evans. She is also survived by three brothers, and three sisters.

The funeral services were held at her late residence Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in charge of Rev. E. B. Bailey, pastor of the United Evangelical church, of which she was a regular attendant. The interment was made in Rosemont cemetery.

CENSUS ENUMERATORS.

Civil service examinations were held all over the country last Friday for the applicants for census enumerators. A. H. Gennaria held the local examinations which were taken by thirty-six applicants, two of whom were women.

Thirty-eight enumerators will be appointed in Columbia County.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

William C. Johnston Esq., announces in this issue his candidacy for the Legislature. Mr. Johnston is a prominent lawyer, and has a wide acquaintance through the county. If nominated he has the ability to represent the county very creditably.

THE TOWN ELECTION

[Continued from 1st page]

DIRECTORS OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

Emory D. Hagenbuch	Rep.
C. W. Hess	Dem.
William Karshner	Dem.
Francis R. Drake	Ind.
W. Webster Eves	Ind.

ASSESSOR

W. Clark Sloan	Rep.
William F. Stohner	Dem.

1ST DISTRICT

Judge, Edward Appleman, Republican, William W. Barratt, Democratic.

Inspector, F. B. Rupert, Republican, William E. Knorr, Democratic.

Registry assessor, A. E. Meyers, Republican, William A. Gray, Democratic.

2ND DISTRICT.

Judge, W. E. Coffman, Republican, Clark Runyan, Democratic.

Inspector, Joseph Garrison, Republican, George W. Belig, Democratic.

Registry Assessor, Robert J. Morris, Republican, Wilbur C. Hower, Democratic.

3RD DISTRICT

Judge, William Webb, Republican, W. W. Black, Democratic.

Inspector, Roy R. Ralston, Republican, P. H. Freeze, Democratic.

Registry Assessor, J. Moyer Lewis, Republican, Ed. Strohm, Democratic.

4TH DISTRICT.

Judge, Samuel Karshner, Republican, John Fry, Democratic.

Inspector, D. W. Sterner, Republican, D. C. Merricle, Democratic.

Registry Assessor, E. J. Gearinger, Republican, W. A. Kreamer, Democrati.

A RAILROAD RUMOR.

The D. L. & W. is Trying to get to Williamsport.

The Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin says: That the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad trains to Williamsport in the near future is a probability, if a press dispatch sent out from Scranton is based upon truth. The story from the Lackawanna county town gives additional information regarding the article published in last Monday morning's Gazette and Bulletin to the effect that the D. L. & W. railroad had arranged to cross the Pennsylvania at Northumberland would build a bridge across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river and would connect with the Reading railroad at Winfield. The telegram from Scranton further states that the connection with the Reading will give the D. L. & W. a route to Philadelphia in return for which the Reading is to be accorded the use of the D. L. & W. lines to Scranton. If such an arrangement is consummated, it is quite likely that the D. L & W. people will also run their trains north from Winfield to this city and Newberry Junction. When the story became known here last night considerable conjecture was occasioned as to whether the alleged agreement between the Reading and the D. L. & W. did not mean that the latter road would figure eventually in the short freight route via the New York Central, Reading and other roads between Chicago and New York. The Scranton story follows: "By lease arrangements made a few days ago, with the Pennsylvania Company, the Lackawanna is now about to establish a connection with the Philadelphia & Reading at Winfield, five miles north of Northumberland, for a direct route to Philadelphia for Lackawanna freight traffic especially. In turn the Reading will have access to Scranton. The details, which have been completed, call for the building of a ten-span bridge across the Susquehanna for entrance to Winfield. Work on the extension will be started as soon as weather moderates."

MRS. ELIZABETH WILLIAMS.

Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, the oldest woman in Bloomsburg, died from cancer at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Bankus, on Catherine Street, Monday morning at five o'clock, at the age of ninety-six years.

She is survived by four daughters, Mrs. Michael Powers, of Fishkill, N. Y.; Mrs. Daniel Singley, of Forty Fort, Pa.; Mrs. George Herring, of Shenandoah; and Mrs. Jacob Bankus, of Bloomsburg, and also by forty-six grandchildren and twenty-one great grandchildren. The funeral services were held from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Bankus, this morning at 10 o'clock, and the body was taken to the cemetery at Fisher's church, in Main township, for interment.

TRUTHFUL ADVERTISING THE BASIS OF SUCCESS.

Since the Ingredients Entering Peruna Are Known, Its Power as a Catarrh Remedy and Tonic is Understood.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.—The active ingredients entering the most popular household remedy in the world have been made known to the public. This means a new era in the advertising of popular family medicines—Peruna leads.

Peruna contains among other things, golden seal, powerful in its effect upon the mucous membranes. Cedron seed, a rare medicine and unsurpassed tonic. Cubebs, valuable in nasal catarrh and affections of the kidneys and bladder. Stone root, valuable for the nerves, mucous membranes as well as in dropsy and indigestion.

MR. MAGEE'S LETTER.

James Magee 2nd, Independent candidate for President of the Town Council, has issued the following letter:

Dear Sir:

As you probably are aware, I am a Candidate for the office of President of Town Council at the coming February election.

I will not have time to call on all of the Electors personally, and so take this means of asking for your vote and your influence. I am a believer in the good old doctrine of being able to give a reason why certain things should be. And briefly I will give you several reasons why I should have your vote and influence.

Criticism has been frequently made that business men do not take enough interest in their town politics. I am a business man employing more people and paying out more wages than any other place in town. Surely my handling of the large business interests warrants me in claiming that the business affairs of Bloomsburg will receive intelligent consideration at my hands. In passing let me say that I have invested all my money in Bloomsburg. Not a dollar have I ever asked from its citizens to be invested in Mexico, Canada or other places.

I have served 5 years as Councilman, and am thoroughly familiar with the town affairs, as I have been its Vice President four times.

I am known as being controlled by no man. I know nobody when it comes to deciding what is best for Bloomsburg. I simply ask that the greatest return from the taxes collected shall be given Bloomsburg.

I stand squarely on the record I have made as a member of Council. It is open for reading by anyone. If elected I shall serve the town to the best of my ability. I will scrutinize every item of expenditure, and not a cent shall be paid out excepting for value received.

I will consider every question in a broad minded spirit. I will support and work for the establishment of a Firemen's Relief Fund in accordance with the new law. and on every question my vote shall be found for what shall be best for Bloomsburg.

I need your vote and that of your friends. May I not have it?

JAMES MAGEE, II.

LENT.

The season of Lent began yesterday, Ash-Wednesday, and will continue for six weeks. During that time services will be held in St. Paul's Church as follows:

WEEK DAY SERVICES.

Tuesday, 9:30 a m., 7:30 p. m.; Wednesday, 9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.; Thursday, 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.; Friday, 9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

HOLY WEEK.

Daily except Good Friday, 9:30 a m.; Tuesday and Maunday Thursday, 4:30 p. m.; Wednesday and Good Friday, 7:30 p. m.; Good Friday, Three Hours Devotion, 12 to 3; Saturday, Easter Even, 3 p. m.

Parents are urged to present unbaptized children for the administration of the Sacrament at the Easter Even Service.

Entertained at Luncheon and Cards.

Mrs. Charles W. McKelvey gave a luncheon to forty-four ladies at her home on Market Street last Tuesday afternoon. It was a valentine affair and the decorative effect of the house and the tables were appropriate, hearts and cupids predominating. The color scheme was pink. After the luncheon was served the guests were entertained at Hearts.

AUCTION SALE.

The Martin Jewelry store is being closed out at Auction. Sales every day at 2.30 and 7.30. A fine chance for bargains.

FOR SALE!

The fine residence property of the late Judge Elwell is for sale.

Location:

West Third Street between Jefferson and West Streets.

Description:

Two story and attic, brick and frame. 13 rooms. Lot about 66 by 212 feet.

FRAME BARN AND COW STABLE,

large garden, abundance of fruit trees.

The house has a **Steam Heating Plant, Bath Room, Stationary Range and Wash Tubs; Water, Electric Light, and Gas.**

Will be sold on **easy** terms. Apply to

GEO. E. ELWELL.
Attorney
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

—o—

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.

—o—

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

—o—

WASH MACHINES

Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

—o—

J. SALTZER,

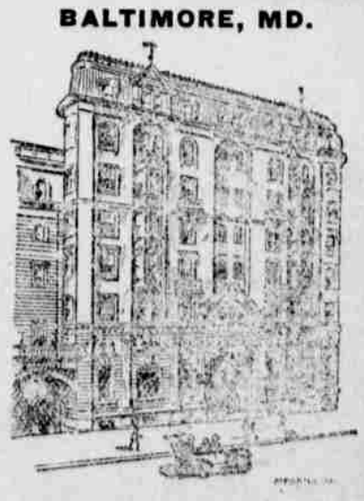
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

HOTEL KERNAN

European Plan. Absolutely Fireproof.

in the heart of the business section of

BALTIMORE, MD.



Luxurious Rooms, Single and En suite
With or Without Baths. $1 Per Day Up.
Palatial Dining Rooms. Unsurpassed Cuisine

Shower and Plunge in Turkish Baths Free to Guests.

JOSEPH L. KERNAN, Manager.

Send for Booklet.

30-6m.

FIANCE DEAD, SHE GOES OVER NIAGARA

Buffalo Girl Leaves Pathetic Note for Parents, Then Wades Into River

SWIRLED TO SELF-SOUGHT DEATH

"I Have Been Good, Thank God!" She Writes—In Her Farewell Note the Suicide Begs Her Parents to Forgive Her for Disgracing Them.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 10—Beatrice R. Snyder, a pretty girl of twenty-five, broken-hearted because of the recent death of Edward Riley, of Buffalo, to whom she was to have been married in the Spring, committed suicide by wading into the river just above Prospect Point and going over the American Falls. As she was swept over the brink she raised her arms and shoulders from the water, waved her hand and smiled farewell to her would-be rescuers.

Riley died three weeks ago, and Miss Snyder had brooded ever since. She had often told her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Snyder, of No. 87 Bennett street, Buffalo, that she wished she, too, were dead. But at noon, when she went home for luncheon from a tea store in Buffalo where she was employed, she appeared more cheerful than usual.

She did not return to the store, but took a trolley for this place instead. About 3 o'clock p. m., Park Policeman John Spalding, and Milton A. Parker, of White Haven, Pa., who were talking on the river bank, saw her enter the water. They rushed to intercept her, but she was already in the grip of the current. She turned and smiled at them, and in an instant was whisked off her feet, and over the falls. There is little hope that the body will ever be recovered.

In the girl's hand-bag, dropped on the bank, was found the following note:

"Mamma and Papa—May you both forgive me for bringing this awful disgrace upon you in these years of your life. Also, may our Heavenly Father forgive all my sins. But I have been very good, thank God. You will find a slip for the money under your dresser scarf. With my heart full of love for all your tender kindness, good-by, Lovingly, BEATRICE."

Miss Snyder's identity was learned through a communicant card showing that she had been a member of the North Presbyterian Church, of Buffalo, since 1901. She was an active church and Sunday school worker.

ANOTHER CLASP OF COURTS.

Georgia Judge Defies Federal Judge and Raids Distillery.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 7.—Prohibition has again brought the State and Federal courts into conflict. In spite of a ruling by United States Judge Newman, State Judge Fite has had a registered distillery in Dade county raided and United States Gauger Thompson arrested. Thompson spent the night in jail, but was released under bond next day.

The raid followed a ruling by Judge Newman that revenue officials could not be forced to testify in State courts about violations of the prohibition law.

Judge Gite denounced the ruling and ordered the distillery raided and the revenue official arrested.

PLAN ROOSEVELT WELCOME.

Former President Authorizes Republican Club to Go Ahead.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Former President Roosevelt will not be back until about the middle of June, but already preparations have been begun in this city to welcome him home. It is the purpose of those who are beginning to think out the plans to make the event not a local but national one. No attempt has been made yet to consider details, but it has been determined that delegations from organizations and clubs from all parts of the country shall be asked to join in the celebration.

WOULD BE A BURNT SACRIFICE.

Pennsylvania Man Tries to Throw Himself Into Furnace.

Pottstown, Pa., Feb. 7.—Laboring under religious hallucinations, Alfred G. Moore, fifty-four years old, made two attempts to-day to offer his body as a burnt sacrifice by throwing himself into a charcoal furnace at a local industrial plant.

After being rescued by fellow employes he partially severed his windpipe and otherwise mutilated himself with a penknife. Before casting himself into the furnace he removed all his clothing and offered a fervent prayer.

FREE POSTAGE FOR ROOSEVELT.

Fish Proposes to Extend Franking Privilege to Him for Life.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The carriage free of postage of all mail matter sent by Theodore Roosevelt is proposed by Representative Hamilton Fish of New York, who introduced the bill.

Two Dreadnoughts Ordered.

Quincy, Mass., Feb. 8.—Contracts were signed in London for the construction here of two battleships of the Dreadnought class for the Argentine Republic.

OUR BEEF SOLD IN LONDON CHEAPER THAN AT HOME

In Spite of Added Shipping Cost Choice Cuts Bring in West End 8 to 11 Cents a Pound Less.

London, Feb. 10.—Butchers in the West End here do a large business in American beef. But they sell it as "prime Scotch" and at four cents a pound more than the best English.

The American beef so sold is slaughtered at Liverpool, and is known as "Liverpool-killed."

One of the best-known West End firms has given the prices he charges his richest customers here for American "prime Scotch" beef. His prices are: Sirloin, 24 cents a pound; shoulder or middle rib, 18 cents a pound; flanks or neck, 11 or 12 cents a pound.

Many grades of American beef are known in London as "ranch" beef. The cheapest range in price from 9 cents a pound for sirloin to five cents a pound for flanks.

N. Y. Prices Compared with London Prices for American Beef.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 10.—It is interesting to compare the prices in London with those that New Yorkers were being forced to pay yesterday.

The West End of London corresponds with the Fifth avenue or fashionable quarter. In that district yesterday porterhouse steak was 35 cents a pound, sirloin 32 cents a pound—8 to 11 cents more per pound than the same beef was selling for in London after all the costs and charges of carrying it 3,000 miles across the ocean.

They don't use shoulder or middle rib much up Fifth avenue. Only the first six ribs go into the fashionable quarters. And they were selling there yesterday at 22 and 25 cents a pound.

But in the middle class districts such as the upper Broadway, porterhouse steak was fetching 28 cents a pound and sirloin 25 cents a pound. Shoulder or middle rib was only 14 and 15 cents a pound and flank or neck 10 cents a pound.

Consequently it will be seen that the middle class in New York were paying 1 to 3 cents a pound more for their beef than the lords and dukes of London.

MAYOR GAYNOR A SINGLE TAXER

His Proposal Modification of Theories of Henry George.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Mayor Gaynor suggested to the Tax Department that the present plan of levying taxes on personal property in New York city be abolished and that a single tax system be adopted whereby practically all the city's revenue would be derived from assessments on real estate.

His proposal is a slight modification of the Henry George single tax theory. It would eliminate from the tax book all assessments now levied on estates, resident and non-resident personal property and resident and non-resident corporations.

PEARY GIVES UP HIS $10,000.

Gift to Him Turned Over to South Pole Fund.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Commander Robert E. Peary contributed $10,000 to a fund for the equipping of an American expedition to compete with the British explorers in a race for the south pole. The check for the amount of his contribution had just been handed to him by Gov. Hughes on behalf of the people of New York as a testimonial of appreciation of his achievement in finding the north pole, and the Metropolitan Opera House was crowded with people who had come to take part in what the fostering Civic Forum called a "national testimonial" to the explorer.

TO DISCOVEER THE SOUTH POLE.

An Expedition Suggested by Commander Peary.

Washington, Feb. 4.—An expedition to discover the south pole was suggested by Commander Peary, the Arctic explorer, in a speech before the National Geographic Society at a dinner given by Dr. Alexander Graham Bell. Commander Peary will not take an active part in the expedition, but will act in an advisory capacity. The dinner was given to the board of managers of the society.

Peary says it will cost $75,000 to $100,000 to finance it. The Peary Arctic Club would contribute the Roosevelt.

BECK SEES DANGER.

Says Panic Would Follow Indiscriminate Prosecutions.

Philadelphia, Feb. 7.—"The enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law as now interpreted by the United States government against every railroad and corporation in this country would cause a panic compared with which the Roosevelt panic of two years ago would be as a zephyr is to a cyclone," declared James M. Beck, of New York, formerly Assistant United States Attorney General, in an address before the Philadelphia Bankers' Association.

Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 4.—An epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out in the Federal prison here. Rickard Bruno of West Virginia is dead from the disease. Eugene Ross of Oklahoma is ill. The prison physician attributes the disease to impure water.

To Urge Budget First.

London, Feb. 8.—Premier Asquith will press the budget before taking up the uestion of reform of the House of Lords in the British Parliament.

HANDED ALLDS $1,000 AS BRIBE

Hiram Moe, Conger Employee, Swears That He Paid Over the Cash

VOUCHERS USED AS PART PROOF

Inquiry Into Conger's Charge That Allds Took Money to Kill Bridge Legislation in the Assembly Begins in the Senate at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Replete with all the appurtenances and thrills of a well-staged melodrama, the State Senate sat for five hours as a committee of the whole and began an investigation of the charge made by Senator Benn Conger that he had witnessed the payment of a bribe of $1,000 to Senate Leader Jotham P. Allds.

When the Senate adjourned there had been unravelled before the forty-nine Senators occupying seats, and the spectators overcrowding the onyx chamber to suffocation, a circumstantial tale of the alleged corruption of the Senate leader that was both direct, positive and apparantly supported by conclusive details.

Conger flanked by a formidable array of brilliant counsel, produced one of his own employees and business associates, who testified that he had personally paid the bribe money to Senator Allds on April 23, 1901. Counsel for Conger further produced checks and drafts drawn by Conger's brother, now dead, in settlement of the transaction.

Hiram G. Moe, a sleek, gray-haired man of fifty-nine, declared under oath that in addition to giving an envelope containing $1,000 to Allds, he had given two other envelopes to members of of the Legislature on the same day. In one of these envelopese, he alleged, was $4,000, in the other $1,000 in currency.

Counsel for Allds also agreed to the process of "bottling up" the identity of the other men concerned in the alleged bribery transaction, and the attitude of the Senators in general was that the investigation should be restricted solely to the case of Allds. Both these other men are dead.

The feature of the day, however, was the simple yet stirring and dramatic summing up of Conger's case by James W. Osborne. Tracing in detail the history of the Stevens and Malby bills regarding the repair of bridges, he painted a picture of the subtle, skilful, criminal manipulation of the legislative mill, the sole purpose of which was to extract money from the bridge interests.

TRUST BREAKS TAFT'S RULE.

Watch Case Concern Theatens to Boycott Independent Retailers.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The publication of a circular said to be issued by the Watch Case Trust to the retailers with whom it deals, threatening them with boycott unless they conform exactly to directions of the trust in regard to retailing the watches furnished them by the factories, has again called attention in an emphatic manner to what is here considered the extraordinary blindness of the large corporations to the serious intention of the Administration in their regard. That purpose is set forth clearly in the President's special message on anti-trust laws, and it means nothing less than the careful tracking down of corporations not found within the terms of the Sherman act.

HALLEY'S COMET IS DEADLY.

Poisonous Gas in Its Tail May Blow Us All Away.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 9.—Although the astronomers at the Harvard Observatory have not yet made a photographic spectrum of Halley's comet, which is rapidly approaching the earth, a telegram received there today from the Yerkes Observatory states that spectra of the comet obtained by the director and his assistant show very prominent cyanogen bands.

Cyanogen is perhaps the deadliest poison known, a grain of its potassium salt touched to the tongue being sufficient to cause instant death.

Clergyman Dies Suddenly.

Gloversville, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The Rev. William Hilton Butts, curate of Christ P. E. Church, of Corning, who had come to this city to occupy the pulpit of Christ Church, was seized with acute indigestion and died at Hotel Kingsborough.

Vanderlip at White House.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank of New York City, visited President Taft and talked with him for some time regarding financial conditions. Mr. Vanderlip had nothing to say on leaving the White House.

Sherman Honors Depew.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Depew has been designated to read Washington's farewell address to the Senate, Feb. 22. Vice-President Sherman thus honored Mr. Depew to contribute a mite to his re-election.

Can Trust Buys Out Rival.

Rome, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The American Can Company has bought the plant of the Utica Industrial Company in this city, manufacturers of can making machinery, and is dismantling it.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe

DOMESTIC.

Senator Brackett introduces a bill at Albany, N. Y., for a referendum on woman suffrage.

Lawyers who claim that J. P. Morgan gobbled up six independent companies for the Bell Telephone Trust are in New York collecting evidence.

Prof. J. Pease Norton of Yale declared the increased production of gold responsible for present high prices and suggested the establishing of a new standard of money based on a specified amount of staple commodities.

John F. Fitzgerald was inaugurated as Mayor of Boston.

A gift of $250,000 for a laboratory of mechanical engineering for the Sheffield Scientific School, at New Haven, Conn., was announced.

Judge Hough fined twenty-seven members of the Paper Board Association $2,000 each for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Gov. Fort urged a Federal income tax and replied to the arguments of Gov. Hughes against such a law in a special message to the New Jersey Legislature.

Purchase of the Southern Pacific's interest in the Wells-Fargo Express Company by the American Express Company was declared to mean a pracal merging of the two, the railroad abandoning the Harriman policy of stock manipulation to stick to its own business.

The annual convention of the State Grange was held at Watertown, N. Y.

WASHINGTON.

The President and Mrs. Taft gave their last state reception of the season, army and navy officers being their guests.

The directors of the National Geographic Society accepted Commander Peary's invitation to join the Peary Arctic Club in sending an expedition in search of the South Pole, provided sufficient funds can be raised.

President Taft is making up an itinerary of proposed visits in the Northern, Middle and New England States from now until June.

President Taft makes it clear that he does not purpose to try to force the passage of the Federal Incorporation bill, introduced in both houses of Congress.

Senator Clay, of Georgia, offered new resolutions for a seaching investigation of periodical postage rates.

The army appropriation and the urgent deficiency bills were passed, by the Senate, as was also a measure providing that principal and interest on United States bonds shall be payable in gold coin.

FOREIGN.

In France, the rivers are once more rising, causing fear that the floods will again molest Paris and other cities.

The Imperial Council at Calcutta has passed the press act, designed to suppress anarchistic literature in the Indian Empire.

Plans have been completed for the establishment of a great German naval base on the North Sea at the end of the Kiel Canal.

The French Cabinet approved a bill fixing the strength of the navy; the programme is said to involve the expenditure of $28,000,000 in the next ten years.

The French Cabinet decided to ask parliament for another credit of $4,000,000 for flood relief.

Montreal's city election resulted in a complete victory by large majorities for the citizens' reform ticket.

Sixty-eight men were killed and fifteen injured by a coal mine explosion at Las Esperanzas, Mexico.

DOCTOR LOSES LIFE.

Patient Slipped on Table and Caused Operator to Fall.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 8.—The accidental slipping of the body of a patient upon the operating table at the sanitarium of Dr. William F. Woodruff, at Long Beach, was the cause of the death of that physician.

Dr. Woodruff was operating on a patient weighing more than two hundred pounds when the patient slipped. In an egort to save him from falling to the floor his entire weight was thrown upon Dr. Woodruff, causing him to fall. The strain ruptured a blood vessel in one of Dr. Woodruff's lungs and pulmonary hemorrhage caused his death.

PACKERS RAISE PRICE AGAIN.

Retailers Now Paying More Than When Meat Boycott Started.

Omaha, Feb. 10.—Just how much effect the recent boycott of meat had on the big packers of the country was shown to-day when the South Omaha Packing houses raised the price of fresh beef to a higher point than was asked when the meat strike was first instituted.

Retail butchers all over the country are paying half a cent more for beef than they were when the price was high enough as to attract the attention of the entire country.

Killed on Ice Race Course.

Jackson, Mich., Feb. 8.—Norris H. Branch, a former member of the Michigan Legislature, was knocked down and instantly killed by a race horse on the ice course at Vandercook Lake. Branch, wanting a better view, stepped on the track directly in the path of Greenmore and was killed.

TAFT'S BILL FOR INCORPORATION

No Company to Hold Stock of Any Other Concern

BANKING POWERS FORBIDDEN

Watering Prohibited—Unlawful Combination or Monopoly Will Be Punished by Forfeiture of Franchise at Discretion of Congress.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The draft of the Federal Incorporation act as prepared by Attorney-General Wickersham and approved by President Taft, provides as follows:

Any five or more persons, citizens of the United States, may, on compliance with the act, form a corporation to engage in interestate or foreign trade and commerce. Articles of association must be made, setting forth many details.

The amount of the capital, which shall not be less than $100,000, must be stated, with the number of shares into which it is divided, which may be either with or without a par value; the classes, if any, into which the stock is to be divided; the number of directors, no term to be longer than five years; and certain other formal requisites.

The certificate must be presented to the Commissioner of Corporations for inspection and approval and unless the name conflicts with that of some other duly registered corporation, he shall issue a certificate and the corporation is duly formed.

No corporation is permitted to purchase, acquire or hold stock in any other corporation.

At least a majority of the directors are required at all times to be citizens of the United States, and bona fide residents therein. The articles may provide that members of the board, others than those constituting the executive committee, shall not be liable in any respect except for the exercise of good faith and due diligence in respect to matters brought before the meetings of the board.

Stock may be paid for in cash or in property, but every certificate of stock issued in payment for property must contain a statement that it is so issued.

Full details as to price must be given, and all amounts paid or intended to be paid to each vendor, and if the vendors are directors of the corporation, or stockholders, a statement of the price paid or agreed to be paid by them for the property to be sold to the corporation.

No stock with a par value may be issued in payment of property purchased or acquired by the corporation to an amount in par value exceeding the value approved by the Commissioner after appraisement.

Power is given to borrow money, issue bonds and mortage property on the vote of the holders of two-thirds of the stock. No property or other thing than money shall be taken in payment to the corporation of the price of such bonds, except at a fair valuation, as fixed by the Commissioner.

Whenever a corporation shall have failed to pay any written obligation at maturity, or if an execution against its property shall have been returned unsatisfied, the Commissioner may appoint a receiver, with the usual powers of chancery receivers.

The charters of corporations are made subject to alteration, suspension and repeal at the discretion of the Congress.

In case any corporation shall enter into any contract or combination or engage in any conspiracy against interstate or foreign trade or commerce, or shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize any part thereof, contrary to the provisions of the Sherman act, or shall otherwise violate the laws of the United States, its charter shall be forfeited.

The real and personal property of corporations is to be subject to taxation for State, county and municipal purposes where situated, but no taxation shall be imposed by the State on the franchise or privileges granted by the act.

Incorporation fees are to be paid amounting to one-tenth of one per cent. from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000, and $250 on every million dollars of capital in excess of $20,000,000.

TRUST IN WATCH CASES SUED.

Attempts to Compel Dealers to Handle Its Products Only.

Cincinnati, Feb. 7.—The Watch Case Trust is attacked in a suit filed in the United States Court here by the Dueber Watch Case Manufacturing Company of Canton, O. Damages aggregating $375,000 are asked under the provisions of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. Sensational allegations are made.

The petition alleges the defendants are operating a trust to control the watch case trade of the entire country and are attempting to compel all dealers to handle only trust goods, to the detriment of other concerns.

Arbitration of Fisheries Dispute.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—The International Court of Arbitration at The Hague has set June 1 as the date for hearing the differences between the United States and Great Britain, growing out of the Newfoundland fisheries.

$240,000 COURT VERDICT AGAINST UNION HATTERS

Court Trebles Damages in the Danbury Boycott Case, Seven Years on Trial.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 10.—"A new declaration of independence" is what Daniel Davenport, of counsel for the plaintiffs, calls the verdict of $220,000 rendered in the United States Court by the jury in the seven-year-old suit of D. E. Loewe & Co., of Danbury, against two hundred members of the hatters' union of this state. After being out a little more than two hours the jury ordered actual damages of $74,000 to the plaintiff, but as the suit was brought under the Sherman anti-trust law, the damages are automatically tripled.

There was a remarkable scene in the courtroom, when the verdict was announced. The defendants in attendance were stunned, and groups dejectedly dizcussed the significance of the blow.

A conference with the court followed, at which it was decided to give the attorneys for the defence a hearing on March 7, when a motion to set aside the verdict as excessive will be argued. The assessment of cost and the fees of the counsel will also be determined.

It is estimated that the costs will amount to at least $10,000, and these, with counsel fees, may bring the bill against the United Hatters of North America to fully a quarter of a million dollars.

Asked regarding the moral significance of the verdict, which is the most important of its kind ever rendered in this country, Mr. Davenport said:

"First, it means that individual members of labor unions are bound by the actions of their officers, and they cannot allow them to do as they please. Secondly, it means that the Sherman anti-trust law protects manufacturers and merchants from boycott attacks. In substance, it is a new declaration of independence."

The plaintiff, D. E. Loewe, was surrounded by his friends in the courtroom and congratulated upon the outcome of the case. He said that had he not won the suit he would have had to go out of business.

The judge in his charge practically instructed the jury to bring in a verdict for the plaintiff.

The suit, which was for $240,000 damages, has been on trial for eleven weeks. It was instituted by the Anti-Boycott Society through Loewe, but it is understood the damages awarded are to go to the Danbury hat makers. The expense of defending the suit is being met by the United Hatters of North America, who filed a bond to cover the amount of the attachment of the property of the defendants.

In the course of the trial evidence was produced by the hatting firm to show that the boycott against its goods was maintained all over the country.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN MARRIED.

Former Champion and Childhood Sweetheart United.

Boston, Feb. 9.—John L. Sullivan, the former heavyweight champion pugilist of the world, was married here to Miss Katharine Hartnett of Sharon.

She is about Sullivan's age and is reported to own much real estate in Sharon.

The couple have long been friends, in fact it is rumored that they were childhood sweethearts. The ceremony was performed by a justice of the peace at the house of Miss Mary Hartnett in Roxbury.

LAUGH CAUSES LAD'S DEATH.

Herkimer Boy Suddenly Dies While Looking at Sunday Paper Comic Supplement.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Frank Trenteth, aged nine years, of Herkimer, was looking at the comic supplement of a Sunday newspaper when he gave a hearty laugh and then fell to the floor.

It was at first thought he was only joking, but when he was picked up he was found to be dead.

The Coroner declared his death was due to the effect of sudden emotion upon his heart.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 4c.
BUTTER—Western extra, 29½@30½c.; State dairy, 24@25c.
CHEESE—State, Full cream, special, 17½@18c.
EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 27@29c.; do, western firsts, 28@30c.
APPLES—Baldwin, per bbl., $2.25@3.75.
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per lb., 15@23c.; Cocks, per lb., 13½c.; Squabs, per dozen, $1.50@5.50.
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., $1.20.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80@87½c.
POTATOES—State, per bbl., $1.50@1.70.
ONIONS—White, per crate, 25@50c.
FLOUR—Winter patents, $5.50@6.00; Spring patents, $5.50@6.85.
WHEAT—No. 2, red, $1.30; No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.25⅞.
CORN—No. 2, 71½@73½c.
OATS—Natural white, 52½@55c.; Clipped white, 53½@56½c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@11c.
CALVES—City Dressed, 10@16c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $4.25@5.25.
LAMBS—Per 100 lbs., $8.25.
HOGS—Live, per 100 lbs., $9.05; Country Dressed, per lb., 10½@12½c.

Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON, Rutland, Vt.

FINANCES OF KINGDOM.

International Bible Lesson for Feb. 13, '10.—(Matt. 6:19-34).

Homer, in his classic poem the Odyssey, narrates the wanderings of Ulysses in his return from Troy to his own kingdom Ithaca. One of the dangers which the great warrior encountered was the peril of sailing his vessel between Scylla and Charybdis. Scilla was a snaky female monster who dwelt in a cave high up on a cliff, from whence she was accustomed to thrust forth her long necks, for she had six heads, and in each of her mouths to seize one of the crew of every passing vessel. On the other side of this narrow strait was another monster, Charybdis, who was in reality a whirlpool, which three times a day drew the water into a frightful chasm, from which not even Neptune himself could protect and rescue any ill-fated ship. So there was a frightful peril on either side of the narrow passage to guard against. And the poet says, that while Ulysses and his men were keeping strict watch for the whirlpool they forgot the six-headed monster Scylla, and were only made aware of the danger on that side, when six of the sailors were snatched out of the boat and borne away shrieking to her den. Thus we get the proverbial expression, "He runs on Scylla, wishing to avoid Charybdis."

Money and Trust.

In the teachings of Christ, in the Sermon on the Mount, we meet with a statement concerning the finances of the kingdom, that this old story seems vividly to illustrate. The subjects of the kingdom of heaven are nevertheless in this world, and they cannot do without the things of this world, money, property, possessions, houses, lands, real estate, wages or income, whatever form their acquisitions may take. They have to eat and drink and wear clothing, and pay house rent and taxes and support those dependent upon them. They cannot cut themselves loose from the use of money, from its possession and its employment.

On the other hand real piety and trust in a Heavenly Father's care cannot possibly have anything in common with feverish anxiety, worry, perplexity, nervous prostration over the bread question, or a wild and selfish scramble after the Almighty Dollar. The path between these two extremes you observe, is straight and dangerous. It is like the voyage of Ulysses. On one side the whirlpool; on the other side the rock. The yawning jaws of Scylla are on this side, the engulfing waves of Charybdis are on that side. In trying to escape this peril, we must keep a sharp look out for that.

On the one side must be shunned the Scylla of greed; on the other side the Charybdis of care. The one is the real danger of seeking too much, the other the supposed danger of having too little of the good things of life. And this is not as some suppose one caution for the rich and another for the poor. For the rich may be eaten up with care and anxiety and worry in his desire to keep what he has and to get a little more; and the poor may have his heart as anxiously and sinfully set upon the increase of his dimes as the other man upon his millions. It is not a question of classes but of qualities of soul.

Commercialism Condemned.

The warning on one side is against making money our treasure. The literal translation is, "Treasure not for yourselves treasures upon the earth." It is not a prohibition of wealth but a prohibition of wealth as a treasure. And this for the reason that such treasures will perish; they will darken the spiritual vision and they will destroy the heart; to set the heart upon the world means to give up the kingdom, for no man can serve two masters. It is true of many a man that riches possess the man, rather than man the riches. He is the bond slave of his pocketbook.

Anxiety Reproved.

That is one side of it. The other side is, a warning against anxiety. The words "Take no thought," in that day meant to everybody, "Be not over anxious." In other words, Do not fill your life with worry, do not be a slave to anxious care. Look at the birds, and the flowers in their freedom from covetousness, and discontent. We cannot escape from trouble, but we can avoid crossing the bridge until we come to it. A vast amount of trouble in this world is only imaginary, we suffer because we persist in bearing not only the troubles we have now, but those we had yesterday and those we are going to have to-morrow. Sufficient into the day is the evil thereof. Don't trouble trouble till trouble troubles you. It is well to remember that the eye that watches the sparrow will not overlook us. In sailing along over this sea of life keep one eye out for Scylla and the other for Charybdis.

Foresight.

Christ does not forbid foresight and provision for the future; for the birds neither sow nor reap nor gather into barns, yet they do build their nests, gather their food, and make their annual migration to warmer climes as though everything depended upon their vigilance and activity. They work but do not worry. They are beautiful examples of perfect trust. They seek their food as if they expected to find it; care-free and happy.

PROPELLED BY EAGLE POWER.

Unique Flying Machine Which Is Carried by Our National Bird.

In these days of successful flying machines it is interesting to note some of the curious methods of aerial navigation heretofore proposed. In

Eagle Motive Power.

United States patent granted May 17, 1887, to C. R. E. Wulff, and now expired, was shown a new use for the American eagle. Instead of being allowed to pose in lofty independence as our patriotic emblem, this utilitarian inventor has put him to work. A team of live eagles, each hitched up in special harness, was connected to a balloon as shown in the illustration, and formed a means of controlling and directing the flight of the balloon, says Popular Mechanics. This motive power was capable of indefinite radius of action and all the aeronaut had to do was to keep his team of eagles headed in the direction he wanted to go, which was done by a turntable arrangement to which the eagles were secured by their harness. The inventor in this case was a Frenchman and his invention was patented in France before it was patented in the United States. This may account for his lack of respect to our national bird.

Before You Strike.

Many are familiar with an old story of a merchant travelling on horseback, accompanied by his dog. He dismounted and accidentally dropped a package of money. The dog saw it; the man did not. The dog barked to stop him, and as he rode farther, bounded in front of the horse and barked louder and louder. The merchant thought he had gone mad, and shot him. The wounded dog crawled back to the package, and when the merchant discovered his loss and rode back, he found the dying dog beside the package. The late George T. Angell told in the Children's Friend a story related by a friend which adds force to the thought: Think before you strike any creature that cannot speak.

When I was young and lived up in the mountains of New Hampshire, I worked for a farmer who gave me a span of horses to plow with. One of them was a four-year-old colt.

The colt, after walking a few steps, would lie down in the furrow. The farmer was provoked, and told me to sit on the colt's head, to keep him from rising while he whipped him "to break him of that notion," as he said.

But just then a neighbor came by. He said, "There is something wrong here. Let him get up, and let us find out what is the matter."

He patted the colt, looked at his harness, and then said, "Look at this collar. It is so long and narrow, and carries the harness so high, that when he begins to pull it slips back and chokes him so that he can't breathe."

So it was; and but for that neighbor we should have whipped as good a creature as we had on the farm, because he lay down when he could not breathe.

An Eye for Automobiles.

In the crowd at the automobile show was a gentleman who had been going from one exhibit to another for two hours, trying to make up his mind as to the particular make of motor car that best suited his requirements. It was not a question of cost. He could afford to pay any price likely to be asked. Every car had some peculiar feature that recommended it, but the difficulty was to find one that embodied all the strong points. In this emergency he chanced to spy an old acquaintance.

"Hello, Rogers!" he said. "I'm having an awful time trying to make a purchase I promised my wife long ago that I would make. Have you got a good eye for automobiles?"

"I ought to have, Swigert," answered the man whom he addressed as Rogers. "I've been dodging them for seven years."

Irish Gooseberries.

An Irishman—or Irishwoman—is rarely at a loss to give quite as good as he gets. The American tourist who figures in Sketchy Bits found this out to his cost.

An old Irishwoman, who kept a fruitstall, had some melons exposed for sale. The Yankee, wishing to have some fun with the old lady, took up one of them and said:

"These are small apples you grow over here. In America we have them twice the size."

The woman slowly looked up at him and in a tone of pity exclaimed:

"Sure, sorr, ye must be a stranger in Ireland, and know very little about the fruit of our country, whin ye can't tell apples from gooseberries!"

A Monument in the Snows.

The highest placed monument in the world is situated on La Combra, the summit of a pass in the Andes, and marks the frontier of the Chilian and Argentine republics. It stands at an altitude of 12,796 feet above the sea level, and for awe inspiring grandeur its surroundings would be hard to match.—Wide World Magazine.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

"THE ROAD OF ANTHRACITE."

If you contemplate spending the Winter months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

. . . PRINTING . . .

MUCH of the work that is done in this office is of kinds that can be done by hand only. Nine-tenths of all job printing done in any country office must be done by hand. It can't be done with a machine.

This office is fully equipped to do all kinds of printing at the lowest prices consistent with good work.

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ENVELOPES, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS,

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And Everything in the Printing Line

If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

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No trouble to show goods and give estimates.

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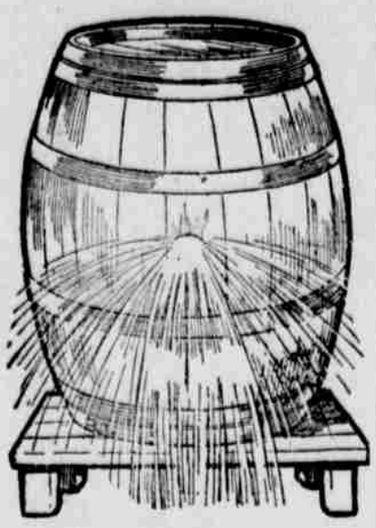
THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10. 1910

It Is Running Out



Is your subscription to this paper running out? If so, don't you want to renew it and start the year right?

Newspaper Medicine.

Dr. E. Franklin Smith, of New York, has sent the following letter to the *Sun*, of New York.

To the Editor of the *Sun*: Sir—On page three of the *Sun* of January 17, appears an item entitled Paralysis among Children. Strange Epidemic in Vienna. Poliomyetis Cripples and Kills. This is a special cable dispatch to the *Sun*. Medical journals have for a long time called attention to the absurdities foisted upon the public as medical news, and the daily papers still continue to publish statements that are an insult to intelligent readers. In the item above alluded to, the first error is in the word "poliomyetis." The writer evidently meant poliomyelitis. Who ever heard of a malignant epidemic? Again we suspect the writer intended to say an epidemic of malignant spinal paralysis. To say that the name was hardly known until this epidemic broke out is erroneous. The disease has been known and mentioned in textbooks on medicines for at least sixty years. Colmar wrote about it sixty years ago. As we had an epidemic here several years ago, it is quite evident that the disease was known before the present epidemic in Vienna. The description of symptoms, while sensational, cannot by any stretch of the imagination be called accurate or truthful. Excellent research work in the study of this affection has been carried on here in our city by the Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research. The editorial on Newspaper Medicine which appeared in *The New York Medical Journal*, of January 9, 1909, should be suggestive. In an address Dr. A. Jacobi made a brilliant plea for the employment on the editorial staff of every newspaper of a competent medical man in order that the public might be protected from the misstatements of those who attempt to write on subjects upon which they are utterly uninformed.

Dr. Smith formerly lived in Bloomsburg. He is a great nephew of Mrs. Judge Elwell.

WILL MAKE A SOIL SURVEY.

At the request of Congressman McHenry, the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States has agreed to make a complete soil survey of Northumberland county. This is the first time in the history of the county that a soil survey will be made by the Department of Agriculture of the United States.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GOOD ROADS A LIVE ISSUE.

Everybody Recognizes the Importance of Better Public Roads.

The *Milton Standard* says: "Almost everybody recognizes the importance of good roads. It is a live, living issue, becoming more so every year. The automobile is bound to usher in a new era in road improvement and the motor vehicle is destined to be the agency in bringing it about. In the next decade it will be a question of national importance as great as the tariff and the currency problem. Everybody is vitally affected in this question. The dairyman, farmer, doctor, huckster, storekeeper, mail carrier—all are benefitted by good roads. But it is a question that has been grappled with for yea s. Washington and Jefferson advocated good roads and projected the highway from the capital to the Mississippi Valley. Caesar in his day constructed roads and even though his architecture has crumbled and is buried with the past, still the roads which he inaugurated, remain to this day. Our statesmen realize that the highway question is a great one and are keenly alive to that fact. William J. Bryan, in an address before the National Good Roads Committee, eloquently portrayed the need thus: "Transportation by wagon did not seem slow until the steam engine made more rapid travel possible. The tallow candle seemed bright until it was dimmed by oil, gas and electricity; the flint and steel were convenient enough until the friction match displaced them. The telephone, rural mail service, etc., are great improvements. But after all that has been done and is being done, there still remains a pressing need for better roads and it is now one of the greatest issues of the day."

The Poultry Yard.

Keep the old fighters apart and so remove them from temptation.

The laying hen develops a great appetite and an enormous thirst.

Lack of a constant supply of clean, pure, fresh water before the fowls mean defeat in the end.

Egg-shells are largely lime. The hens can't make good shells unless you furnish plenty of lime.

A feed of finely-chopped onions, once a week, is a tonic that helps to keep broilers lively and healthy.

Keeping too many fowls in a pen with an insufficient amount of floor space is a pitfall to be avoided.

Lice which sap the life blood and undermine the flock furnish a pitfall into which far too many stumble.

Deal pretty sparingly with red pepper as a spice for poultry. It is sharp stuff. Better warm your chicks up with some other way than by feeding it.

You can not feed hens that lay colored eggs so that they will lay white ones. If you want white eggs get the kind of hens that lay them.

The white-feathered broilers always have the more attractive appearance in market, as the pin feathers do not show as they do on dark-plumaged birds.

A nest egg makes a nest more attractive to most hens, especially of the smaller breeds. We like the china eggs. An egg eater will pick at them for a little bit and give it up as a bad job.

Ice-cold water can not help chilling the hens. It must be warmed up somehow, and that takes vitality. Save the hen's strength of body by warming the water on the kitchen stove. You can do it cheaper than the hen can.

Here is a new plan for killing mites on poultry roosts. Take two pieces to make a roost seven-eighths inch thick and two inches wide; bevel the edges a little, and nail together, not too close, and set up on edge. The mites will all congregate in the seam between the two pieces. Pour kerosene in the groove formed by the bevel on top, and you have them dead.

Many who keep poultry overlook the importance of grit. Lack of grit means poor digestion and few eggs. A load of gravel near the chickens' home would improve the health and increase the egg yield on many a farm. I know it is claimed that the grit of commerce is the best, but the gravel is good enough grinding material. If you have never tried it you will be surprised how fast it will disappear when placed in a box where the hens can help themselves.

From February *Farm Journal*.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Regulate the Bowels

"I have been troubled with constipation for several years, and have tried a great many kinds of pills, as well as medicine from the doctor. Nothing seemed to help me until I began taking Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills. I found the little pills very effective, and I am thankful that at last I have a reliable remedy."

MRS. F. M. DUNKIN,
LeRoy, Ills.

Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

simply cause the bowels to move in a normal manner, and without the griping effects of cathartics and purgatives. That's why they are so universally used by women and children. The longer they are taken the less are needed. Natural conditions gradually being restored.

Sold by druggists everywhere. If first package does not benefit, your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

The Zoological Press Bulletin.

Timely Topics of Plants and Pests Discussed Weekly, by H. A. Surface, State Zoologist.

HUNGRY RABBITS ARE PEELING TREES.

The earth being covered with snow in many sections of Pennsylvania, and not all the rabbits having fallen victims last fall to the gunners, numerous complaints are being received by the Division of Zoology of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, in regard to trees being damaged and destroyed by rabbits preying upon the bark. One grower in Westmoreland County wrote to State Zoologist H. A. Surface, stating that of 1,200 trees, planted one, two and three years ago, and which made a nice growth, quite a number have had their bark peeled off by rabbits. He asked for some simple remedy to prevent this destruction, and made this further inquiry:

"Would black, roof paint—something of a coal tar nature—be injurious to the trees? I have tried it on a few trees, and the rabbits have not worked on such trees, and this would be an easy way to stop them, but I am afraid I might injure the trees by such an application."

The advice of Professor Surface was to the following effect:

"Replying to your recent letter asking how to prevent rabbits from peeling your young trees, I beg to say that the chief thing to do is to cut some branches from trees that need pruning (from either these or older trees), and drop the branches on the snow where the rabbits can get at them. The next thing is to paint the trunks of your young trees with pure white lead and a good quality of raw linseed oil.

"Painting or spraying with lime-sulphur wash, or with the sediment that is left from boiling lime-sulphur wash for San Jose scale, will also prevent injury for some time. Some persons recommend killing a rabbit and rubbing its insides over the trunks of the trees. Blood painted or sprayed on the trunks of trees is often used to repel them. Personally, I prefer either the paint or the lime-sulphur wash mentioned above. I have tried both, in our experiments on my own trees, with good results.

"Coal tar might be all right, but I know where a nice orchard of young apple trees was killed by painting with coal tar and linseed oil, and I hesitate to recommend this on that account. I have never tried it on my own trees, and I am satisfied with the efficacy of the linseed oil and white lead treatment."

DO THE RIGHT THING if you have Nasal Catarrh. Get Ely's Cream Balm at once. Don't touch the catarrh powders and snuffs, for they contain cocaine. Ely's Cream Balm releases the secretions that inflame the nasal passages and the throat, whereas medicines made with mercury merely dry up the secretions and leave you no better than you were. In a word, Ely's Cream Balm is a real remedy, not a delusion. All druggists, 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Envelopes.

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to selcet from.

Marvels of Titanium.

The cause of the remarkable effects produced by the addition of about one per cent. of titanium alloy to iron and steel is still under discussion. In the case of chilled iron car-wheels, it is found that the alloy makes the metal closer grained, and free from blow holes. The wearing qualities are greatly improved, because the metal, being freer from impurities, does not become so hot under the application of the brakes. In consequence of this there is less expansion and contraction, and so less strain. That there is less absorption of heat when the alloy is used is indicated by experiments with ingot molds made of titanium iron. When filled with molten steel the molds remain black, and have proved very lasting. A casting of titanium-alloyed iron heats less than an ordinary casting when worked under a tool, and, on the other hand, tools of titanium steel are less heated than others in service.

Keep The Money At Home.

An Ohio concern is sending circulars here, offering to furnish an outfit of printed stationery for $3.85, in advance, customer to pay express charges, which would be 60 to 75 cents.

We will duplicate the offer, save you express charges, will guarantee as good if not better stock, and you can see just what you are getting before you pay for it.

Don't send your money away from home for printing when you can get the same thing for less cash right here. tf.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday the 21st day of February, 1910, by C. M. Creveling, C. B. Lutz and C. W. Miller, under the act of assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations", approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "C. M. Creveling Company," the character and object of which is the buying and selling general merchandise consisting of dry goods, groceries, hardware, Queens ware, boots and shoes, rubber goods, clothing, drugs and all other articles usually bought and sold in what is known as a department store, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto

C. W. MILLER,
1-27-4-t. Solicitor.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, on the 25th day of February, 1910, by James B. Montgomery, G. M. Whitmire, Levi A. Remley, C. W. E. Bower, John Thomas, James W. Shellhamer, W. E. Shellhamer, and others, under the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The Ebenezer Telephone Company, the character and object of which is for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, operating, buying, leasing telephones and telegraph lines, for the private use of individuals, firms, corporation, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarm and messenger business, the operation of telephone exchanges, and the furnishing of facilities for communication by means of the transmission of electricity, over or through wires, and doing a general telephone and telegraph business by such means, through the townships of Orange, Center, Briar Creek, West Berwick and Berwick borough, all in the county of Columbia, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits, and privileges of said act of assembly, and the supplements thereto.

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
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FREE SERVICES AND MEDICINE

A reliable physician of thirty years' experience offers his services and medicine free. **Would you like to be cured to stay cured?** If so, write him your symptoms and he will send you a course of medicine that will do you good and the prescription, so at any time should you want more of the treatment you can get it from the druggist and the medicine will not cost you over twenty or twenty-five cents a month. This is an offer every afflicted person should avail themselves of. You certainly have nothing to lose and will benefit greatly from this unparalleled offer. Address, J. W. Merrow, M.D., State Sanitarium North Bennington, Vt.

Please put 69 Main St., on your letter.

1-6-4w

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"Made a Well Man of Me."

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces fine results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when others fail. Young men can regain their lost manhood, and old men may recover their youthful vigor by using **REVIVO.** It quickly and quietly removes Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Sexual Weakness such as Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great **nerve tonic and blood builder,** bringing back the **pink glow to pale cheeks** and restoring the **fire of youth.** It wards off approaching disease. Insist on having **REVIVO,** no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, **$1.00** per package, or six for **$5.00.** We give free advice and counsel to all who wish it, with **guarantee.** Circulars free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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NEW NECK WEAR
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Compare quality, price and variety before you buy for this season.

The R. E. Hartman Store
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Alexander Brothers & Co.
—DEALERS IN—
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—o—
Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
HAVE YOU SMOKED A
ROYAL BUCK or JEWEL CIGAR?
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

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